

# MOQC SPRING 2026

## GYNECOLOGIC ONCOLOGY

### BIANNUAL MEETING



*Our Purpose: To further the success of  
interdisciplinary teams that improve the  
quality and value of cancer care.*

*While Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan and MOQC work collaboratively, the opinions, beliefs and viewpoints expressed by the presenters do not necessarily reflect the opinions, beliefs and viewpoints of BCBSM or any of its employees.*



**Welcome**

Vanessa Aron, BA, RYT



# MOQC Core Values



**TRUST & INTEGRITY**



**COMPASSION**



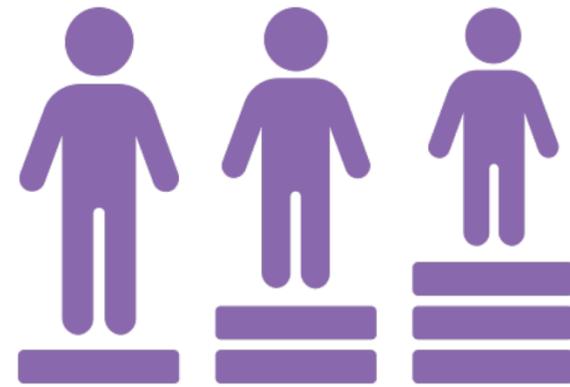
**GROWTH MINDSET**



**COLLABORATION**



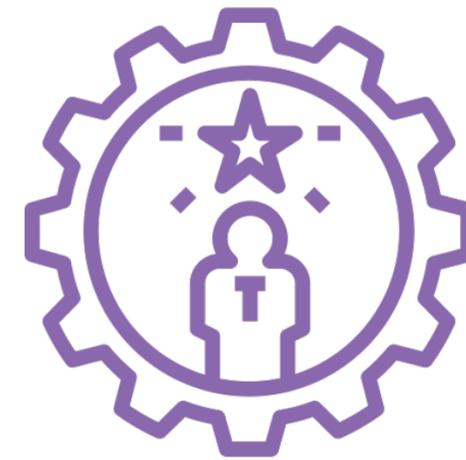
# MOQC Strategic Objectives



**Bridging Gaps**



**Maximizing Value**



**Fostering  
Interprofessional  
Development**

# AGENDA



8:00 am	<b>Welcome and Updates</b>	Vanessa Aron, BA, RYT
8:25 am	<b>MOQC Data and Performance</b>	Stefany Acosta-Torres, MD
9:25am	<b>Break</b>	
9:30 am	<b>Voice of the Caregiver</b>	Jacob Sierocki, POQC
9:45 am	<b>Proficient or Deficient? Evolving Knowledge and Therapeutic Strategies in Advanced/Recurrent Endometrial Cancer</b>	Amanda Nickles Fader, MD
10:45 am	<b>Final MOQC Items</b>	Keli DeVries, LMSW
10:50 am	<b>Meeting Close</b>	

# INTROS



## Please Rename Yourself

**Full name**

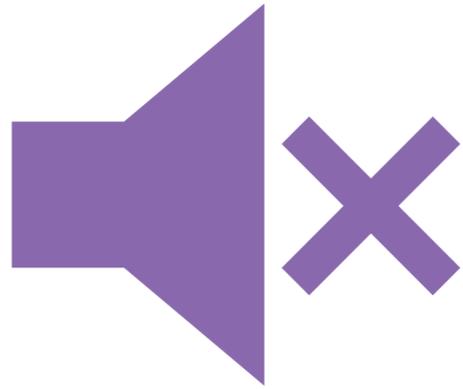


**Organization**



**Pronouns**

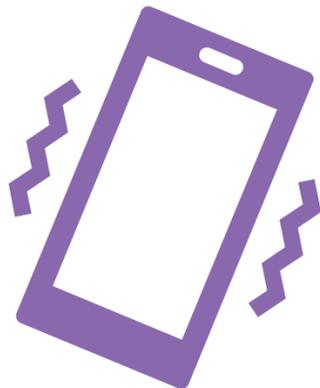
# Reminder – How to Mute/Unmute



**To mute your microphone**

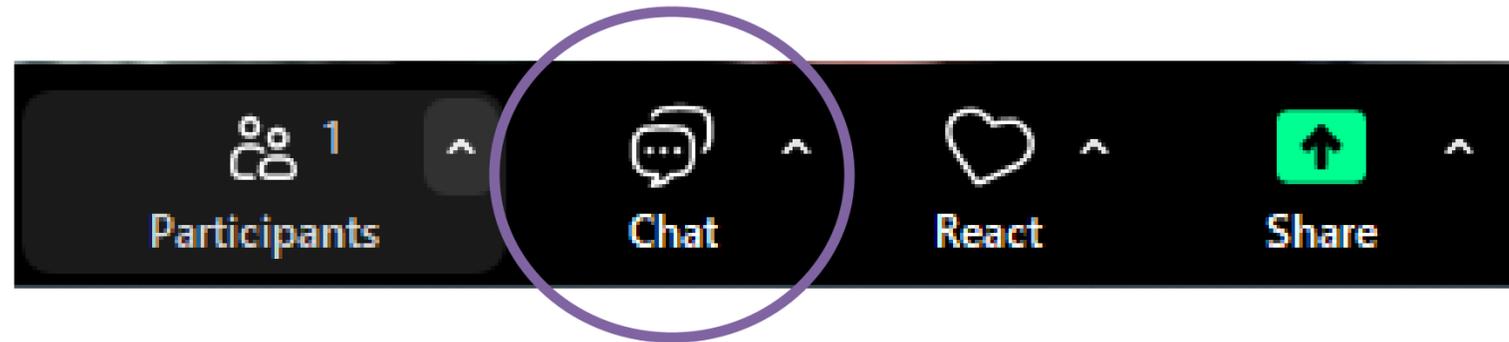


**To unmute your microphone**

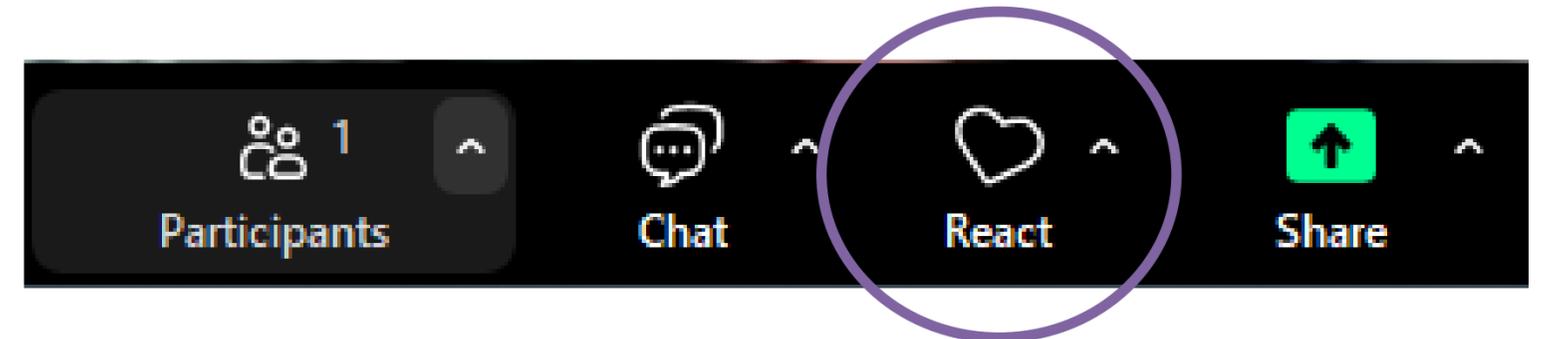
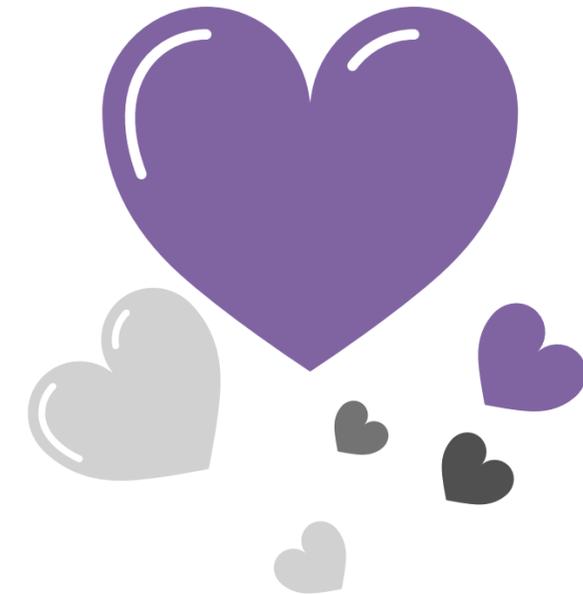
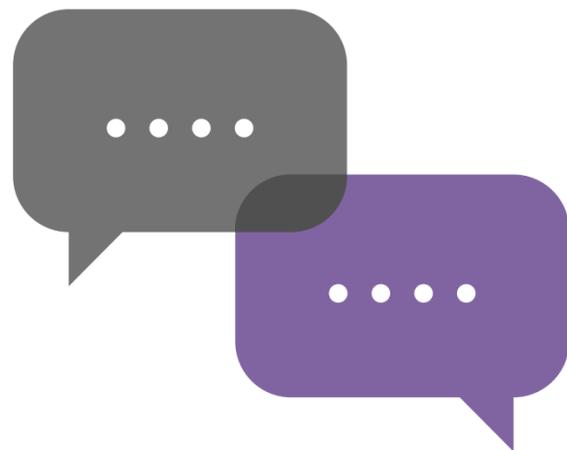


**\*6 to mute/unmute**

# Reminder – Chat



**Use Chat to ask/answer questions or ask for help**



**Add your reactions**



# Confidentiality



Taking pictures, screenshots, or videos of data slides, including the use of AI bots to record, is prohibited. This is a confidential professional peer review and quality assurance document of the Michigan Oncology Quality Consortium.

Unauthorized disclosure or duplication is absolutely prohibited. It is protected from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of Michigan Statutes MCL 333.20175; MCL 333.21513; MCL 333.21515; MCL 331.531; MCL 331.532; MCL.331.533 or such other statutes as may be applicable.



# PHI



# Continuing Education Credits

This meeting has been approved for a maximum of  
3.00 AMA PRA Category 1 Credit(s)<sup>™</sup>.

Claiming credit must be completed within **7 days** of the  
live activity at [umich.cloud-cme.com](https://umich.cloud-cme.com).



# PATIENT & CAREGIVER ONCOLOGY QUALITY COUNCIL (POQC)



## Elevating Caregiver Voices

- ♥ Lived experience
- ♥ Quality improvement

## Meaningful Participation

- ♥ Resource creation
- ♥ Projects and meetings

## Impact on Healthcare Teams

- ♥ Accessible
- ♥ Responsive

## Community and Support

- ♥ Connection
- ♥ Purpose

For more information on POQC, visit <https://moqc.org/moqc/poqc/> or email [moqc@moqc.org](mailto:moqc@moqc.org)

### Statewide Non-Medical Needs Expansion



**7** Domains Screened Annually  
EHR → 2-1-1 Integration

### Oncology Stewardship

Statewide Biomarker Benchmarking  
— Collaborations with —

**Economic Alliance for Michigan (EAM)**  
Testing Coverage by Payers

**Pharmacy Times Continuing Education**  
**3** CE Modules (mNSCLC)

### Financial Navigation



**36** MOQC Navigators Trained  
MDHHS Partnership

Partnership with Patient Advocate Foundation

### Palliative Care

CAPC MOQC Certificate Program — Cohort 1  
**14** Clinicians Trained  
**7** MOQC Regions Represented

### Patient-Reported Outcomes (PROs)

**536** Patients Surveyed  
**18** Practices

### Family History



**38%** Documentation Rate  
Sustained Improvement Since 2024

### Interprofessional Development

Advance Care Planning + Post-Op Healing  
**119** Participants  
**18** Practices Represented

### Caregiver Navigation

- **Secured Grant** to Pilot Caregiver Navigation Training
- **Partnered with Rush to Develop Program, Launching in 2026**

### Dissemination

- 4 Posters at National Meetings
  - **ASCO Quality, CAPC, JADPRO**
- Presented at **MSHIELD and MVC Collaborative-Wide Meetings**
- Exhibited at Food as Medicine Summit
- **Published Olanzapine Manuscript** May 2025 in **JAMA Network Open**

### Comfort Cuisine

**4,312** Meals Provided  
**50** Patients Supported  
**27** Caregivers Supported



# Statewide Gynecologic Oncology Tumor Board

- **Launching today!**
- Monthly, virtual meetings
- Practices can submit cases to MOQC



## Date Selection Survey



[https://umich.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV\\_6r71JruElfgbkOy](https://umich.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_6r71JruElfgbkOy)





# Steering Committee Invite

**2025 – 12%**

**2026 – 15%**



<https://moqc.org/initiatives/clinical/meqc/>

# 2025 Value-Based Reimbursement

## GYN-Level

Meet 2 of 2

- Days from surgery to chemotherapy 28 days
- Prescribing of opioids for patients after laparoscopic or open hysterectomy 9 pills

**3% Opportunity**

## Practice-Level

Meet 3 of 3

- Meet 2 of 2 GYN-Level Measures
- Complete family history documented for patients with invasive cancer 35%

**2% Opportunity**

## Collaborative-Level

Meet 1 of 1

- Tobacco cessation counseling administered or patient referred in past year 75%

**2% Opportunity**

# 2026 Value-Based Reimbursement

## GYN-Level

Meet 5 of 7

- Days from surgery to chemotherapy
- Prescribing of opioids for patients after laparoscopic or open hysterectomy

28 days

9 pills

- Complete family history documented for patients with invasive cancer **40%**
- Olanzapine prescribing as part of a 4-drug antiemetic regimen with cycle 1 high emetic risk **65%**
- Hospice enrollment **65%**
- Median days on hospice **11 days**
- Palliative care consultation more than 90 days before death **25%**

5 out of 7  
**5% Opportunity**

## Collaborative-Level

Meet 1 of 1

- Tobacco cessation counseling administered or patient referred in past year **68%**

**2% Opportunity**

# 2026 Measure Targets

Practice-Level

 **MEQC Measure**

Total eligibility: **15%**

Collaborative-Level

 **VBR Measure**

Total eligibility: up to **7%**

Certified MEQC practices are only eligible for the 15% VBR

# 2026 Participation to Qualify for Fee Schedule Increases

Other Requirements	
Physician Level	Provider must be enrolled in PGIP for at least one year
Practice Level	10 charts in the denominator per VBR measure per round *Exceptions may be made for EOL measures

Points Needed: 100		
Meeting Participation	Points	Notes
MOQC June Biannual Meeting <b>Physician Champion</b>	25	If either of the Biannual Meetings is unattended by a practice manager or physician, <u>in order to qualify for <b>additional participation points</b></u> , the practice manager or physician must schedule a follow up meeting a MOQC project manager for a Biannual Meeting and practice-level overview.  Additional participation points can only be used to complete the eligibility points requirement once every <b>two years</b> .
MOQC June Biannual Meeting <b>Administrative Champion</b>	25	
Gynecologic Oncology Fall Biannual Meeting <b>Physician Champion</b>	25	
Gynecologic Oncology Fall Biannual Meeting <b>Administrative Champion</b>	25	

# Participation to Qualify for Fee Schedule Increases

<b>Points Needed: 100</b>		
<b>Additional Participation</b>	<b>Points</b>	<b>Description</b>
Presentation at a MOQC Biannual Meeting	40	Gynecologic oncology or medical oncology biannual meetings
MOQC Steering Committee	30	Attend and actively participate with at least 50% of the meetings within the eligibility year
MOQC Measures Committee	30	Attend and actively participate with at least 50% of the meetings within the eligibility year
Approved MOQC Task Forces or Workgroups	30	Attend and actively participate with at least 50% of the meetings within the eligibility year
Development of educational resources	20	Examples: checklist creation workgroup, clinical trials navigation tool development, podcast expert participation
Connection Visit on-site	20	Have MOQC come visit your practice!
POEM	20	Participate with a POEM pharmacist
Participation with MOQC newsletter	10	Practice spotlight interview, article about best practices, etc.
Attendance at Interprofessional Development Session	10	Attend a session of Interprofessional Development – any practice member



# Data & Performance

Stefany Acosta-Torres, MD

# Thank You, Data Abstractors

- Bambi McCracken, Cancer & Hematology Centers
- Jennifer Hogan, Cancer & Hematology Centers
- Ashley Poulin, Great Lakes Cancer Management
- Jodi Morrow, Great Lakes Cancer Management
- Sarah Kott, Great Lakes Cancer Management
- Julie Boylan, Hematology Oncology Consultants
- Annie Reichenbach, Hematology Oncology Consultants
- Alycia DeBord, Henry Ford Health
- Vanessa Schroeder, Henry Ford Health
- Alicia Kehoe, Huron Medical Center
- Danielle Delano, Huron Medical Center
- Stacy Lantrip, KCI Greater Lansing
- Amanda Vernier, KCI at McLaren Macomb
- Karen Matelic, Trinity Health Grand Rapids
- Shely Moul, MHP Downriver
- Blair Pease, West Michigan Cancer Center
- Amber Tucker, West Michigan Cancer Center

## **MOQC Team**

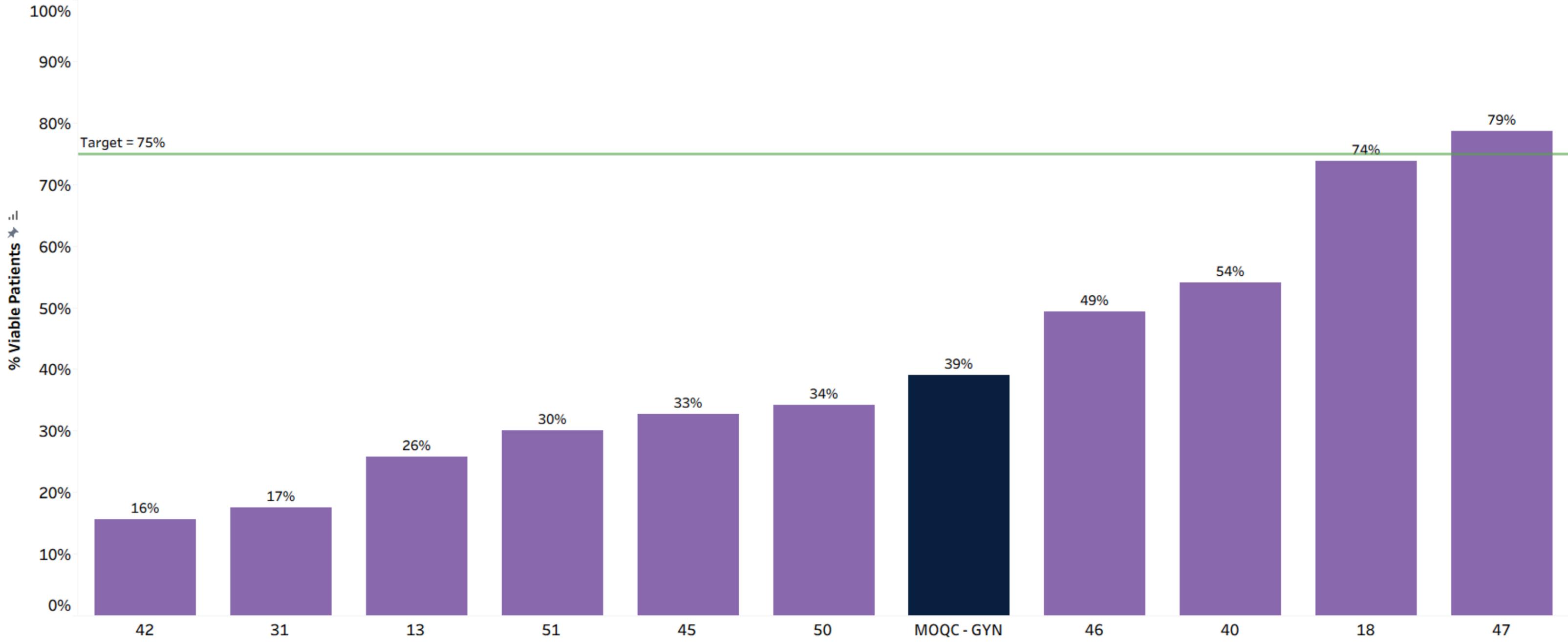
Kleanthe Kolizeras, Heather Behring, Cindy Michalek,  
Heather Rombach, Deborah Turner, Shawn Winsted,  
Deana Jansa, Jennifer Broadhurst, Angie Green

## **MOQC by Proxy**

Colleen Schwartz, Therese Hecksel, Megan Beaudrie,  
Jeanne Melton, Maggie Scroggin



## Proportion of Patient Lists Eligible for Abstraction, Round 2 2025



# Med Onc Measures

- Tobacco cessation counseling or referral
- Designated patient advocate documentation
- Complete family history
- Olanzapine as part of a 4-drug antiemetic regimen (high emetic risk chemotherapy)

# Chart Selection Criteria for Presented Data

**Abstracted February 1, 2025 – January 31, 2026**

## **Eligible Patient Criteria**

18 or older at diagnosis

Invasive malignancy or hematologic malignancy

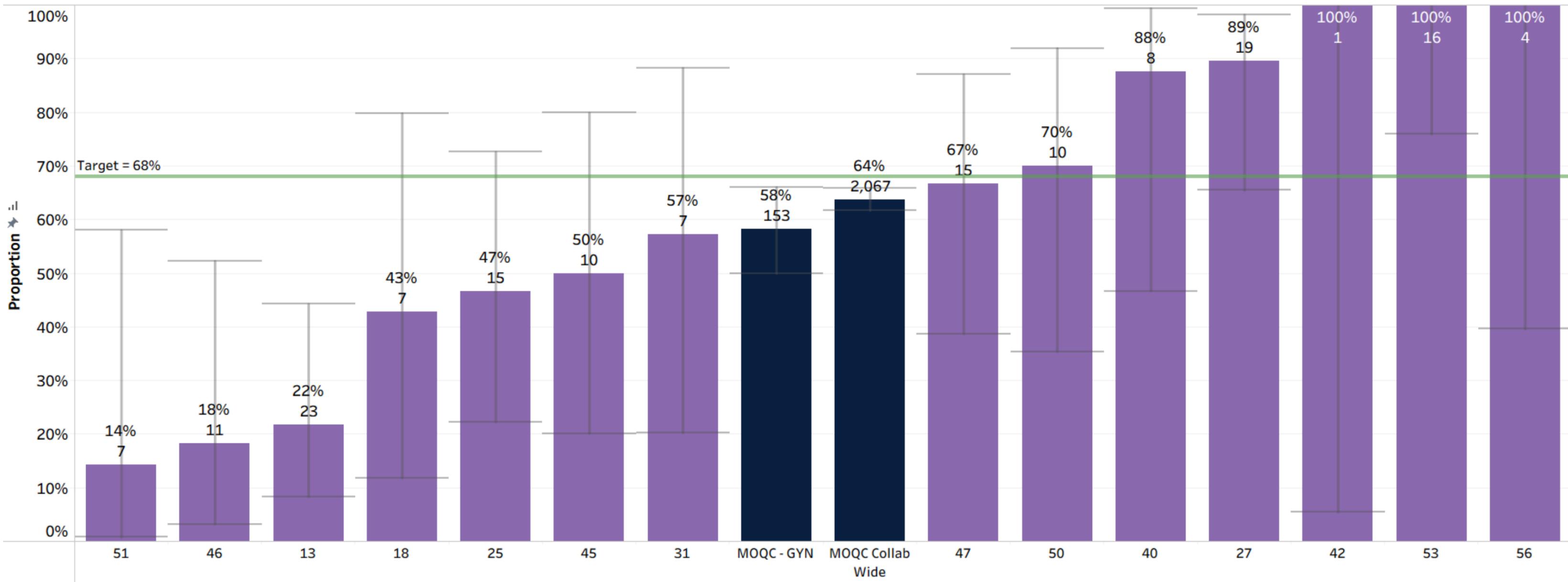
## **Diagnosis & Visit Window**

Diagnosed: 12/1/2023 – 3/31/2026

First Office Visit: 12/1/2023 – 5/31/2026

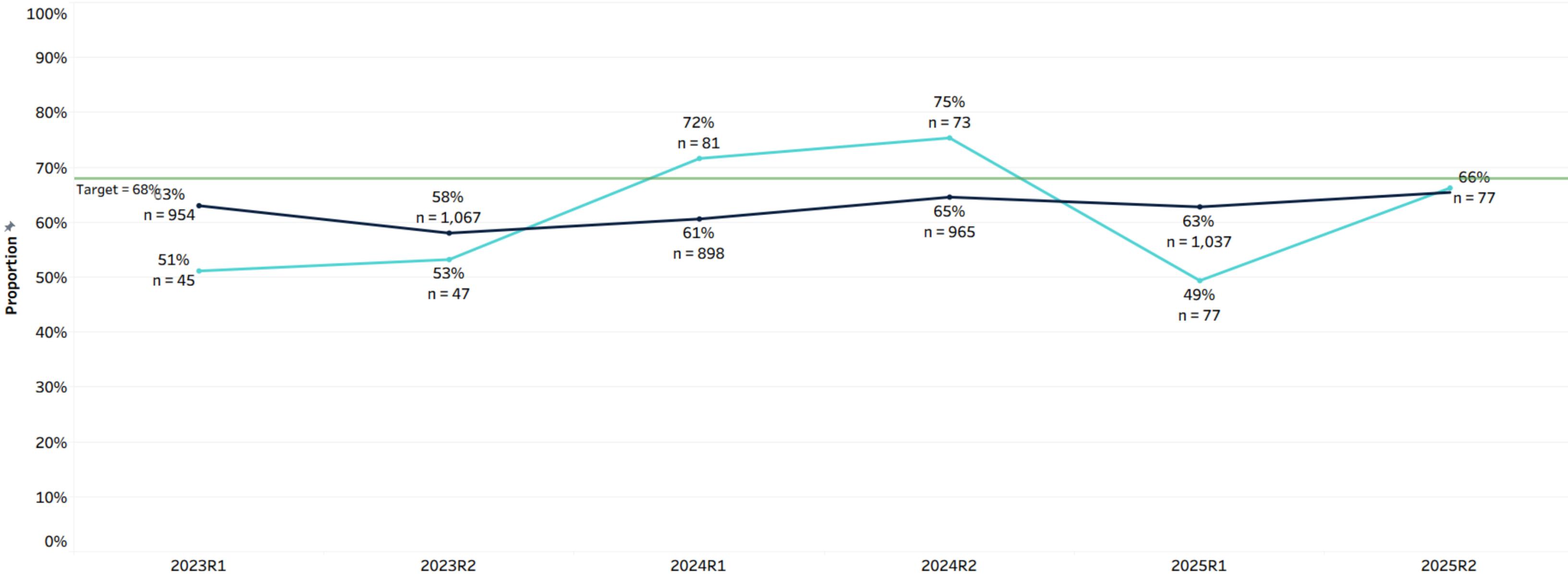
2 Office Visits (practitioner): 10/1/2024 – 5/31/2026

101b: Tobacco Cessation Counseling or Referral for Tobacco Users Once a Year  
 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 153



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 75%

### 101b: Tobacco Cessation Counseling or Referral for Tobacco Users Once a Year



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 75%

**Color Legend**  
 ■ MOQC - All  
 ■ MOQC - GYN

Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

# Tobacco Measure Update

Update coming to Tobacco Cessation measure in 2027:

- Automated referral will no longer fulfill the measure
- Brief counseling and/or pharmacotherapy prescription required
  - Counseling does not need to be provided by the physician



# Non-Clinical Interventions that Impact Survival

**Tobacco cessation: 75<sup>th</sup> percentile survival –**  
3.9 years (cessation) vs 2.1 years (continued smokers)

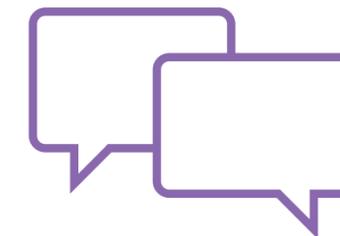
JAMA Oncology | Original Investigation

Survival Outcomes of an Early Intervention  
Smoking Cessation Treatment After a Cancer Diagnosis

Paul M. Cinciripini, PhD; George Kypriotakis, PhD; Janice A. Blalock, PhD; Maher Karam-Hage, MD;  
Diane M. Beneventi, PhD; Jason D. Robinson, PhD; Jennifer A. Minnix, PhD; Graham W. Warren, MD, PhD

## Other Interventions:

- Exercise in colorectal cancer
- Patient-reported outcomes
- Early palliative care involvement



**YOU CAN QUIT SMOKING** RESOURCE GUIDE MOQC  
moqc.org

**MICHIGAN TOBACCO QUITLINK**  
1.800 QUIT.NOW  
784.8669

Get **FREE** Confidential Counseling & Support

**DOUBLE** your chances of quitting.

Call Now  
1.800.QUIT.NOW

Or Enroll Online  
michigan.quitlogix.org

CONTACT NOW

TREATMENT	HOW TO GET	HOW TO USE	PROS / CONS	NOTES
<b>PATCH</b> 	OVER THE COUNTER or PRESCRIPTION	REPLACE PATCH ONCE DAILY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Easy to use</li> <li>✓ Few side effects</li> <li>✗ Less flexible dosing</li> <li>✗ Slow nicotine release</li> </ul>	
<b>GUM</b> 	OVER THE COUNTER or PRESCRIPTION	USE AS NEEDED* <small>Up to 24 pieces per day</small>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Fast nicotine release</li> <li>✓ Flexible dosing</li> <li>✗ Lots of chewing</li> <li>✗ Can't eat or drink 15 mins before or during use</li> </ul>	
<b>LOZENGE</b> 	OVER THE COUNTER or PRESCRIPTION	USE AS NEEDED* <small>Up to 20 lozenges per day</small>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ More nicotine than gum</li> <li>✓ Flexible dosing</li> <li>✗ Can cause nausea</li> <li>✗ Can't eat or drink 15 mins before or during use</li> </ul>	
<b>NASAL SPRAY</b> 	PRESCRIPTION	SPRAY ONCE IN EACH NOSTRIL* <small>Up to 40 doses per day (80 sprays/day or 10 sprays/hour)</small>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Fastest nicotine delivery</li> <li>✓ Flexible dosing</li> <li>✗ Frequent use necessary</li> <li>✗ Can cause nose &amp; throat irritation</li> </ul>	
<b>INHALER</b> 	PRESCRIPTION	5-20 MIN SESSIONS THROUGHOUT THE DAY* <small>Up to 16 cartridges per day</small>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Keeps hands busy</li> <li>✓ Flexible dosing</li> <li>✗ Frequent use necessary</li> <li>✗ Can cause mouth &amp; throat irritation</li> </ul>	
<b>MEDICATION</b> VARENICLINE BUPROPION 	PRESCRIPTION	USE AS DIRECTED BY YOUR DOCTOR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Easy to take pill</li> <li>✓ Can be combined with other treatments*</li> <li>✗ Possible side effects</li> </ul>	

# 15 STRATEGIES

## from ex-smokers to curb cravings

Having trouble quitting tobacco? Try these strategies to curb the craving during common high-risk situations where you could slip or relapse back to smoking.

<p><b>01</b>  <b>Waking up</b> get right into the shower, brush teeth, go for a walk or exercise, get busy, change your morning routine.</p>	<p><b>02</b>  <b>Morning coffee</b> buy coffee on the way to work, skip coffee, wait until work to have coffee, switch to iced coffee.</p>
<p><b>03</b>  <b>When hungry</b> don't let self get too hungry, eat healthy meals, carry snacks with you, eat fruit, drink a lot of water or fat-free milk before you eat.</p>	<p><b>04</b>  <b>After meals</b> don't overeat, don't linger at the table, clean up immediately after eating, go for a brisk walk, make tea, have a popsicle, don't go into a typical smoke area after eating, use straws or toothpicks.</p>
<p><b>05</b>  <b>In the car</b> listen to a book on tape/CD, try new music, take a different route to work, avoid going to a gas station/store where cigarettes are easily seen, keep windows rolled up, have car cleaned to get rid of</p>	<p><b>06</b>  <b>Breaks at work</b> avoid walking by smokers' break area, avoid leaving the building, bring something else to do like a book to read, talk or walk with non-smoking co-workers.</p>

# MICHIGAN TOBACCO QUITLINK

**1.800 QUIT.NOW**

**1.800.784.8669**

Interprofessional Development Education Sessions can be found at

<https://moqc.org/eventspace/>

## Tobacco Cessation

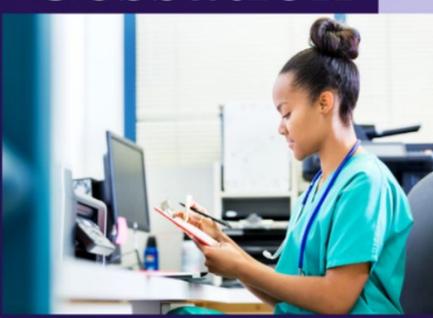
**Two education opportunities!**  
via Zoom

WEDNESDAY  
MAY 15, 12-1PM

TUESDAY  
MAY 21, 5-6PM

**We'll discuss** 

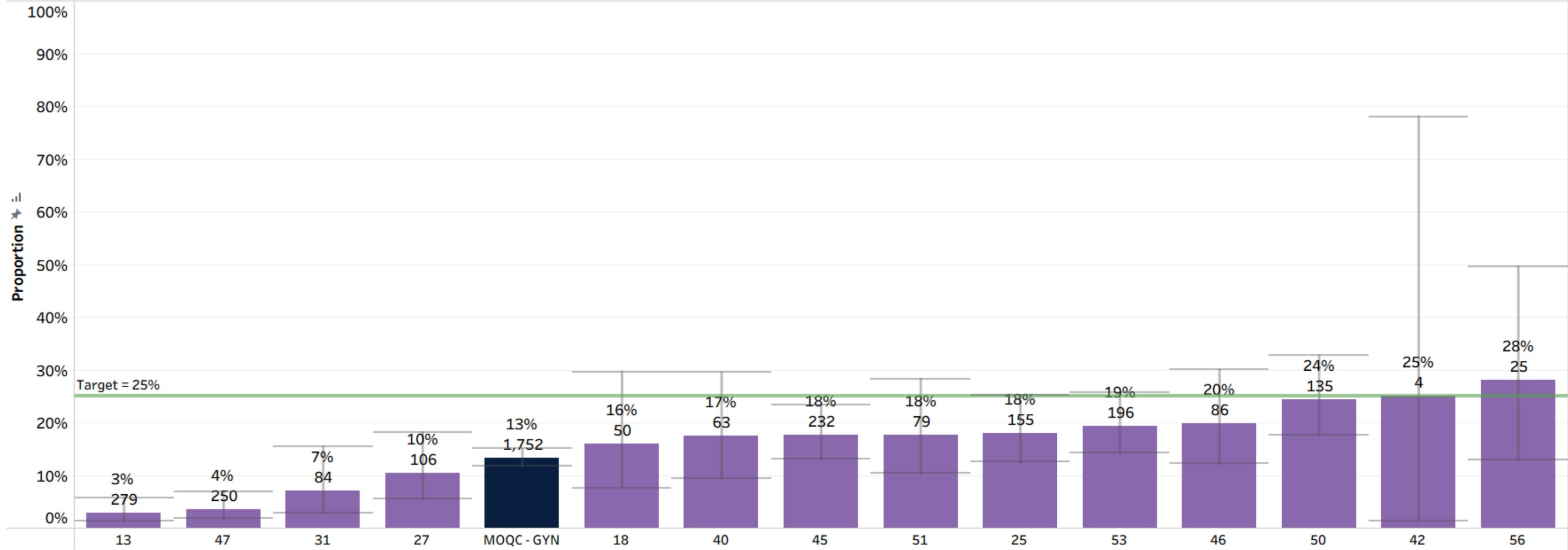
- Methods of documentation
- Connecting patients with resources
- Finding success despite challenges



**Tobacco Cessation IPD Session**

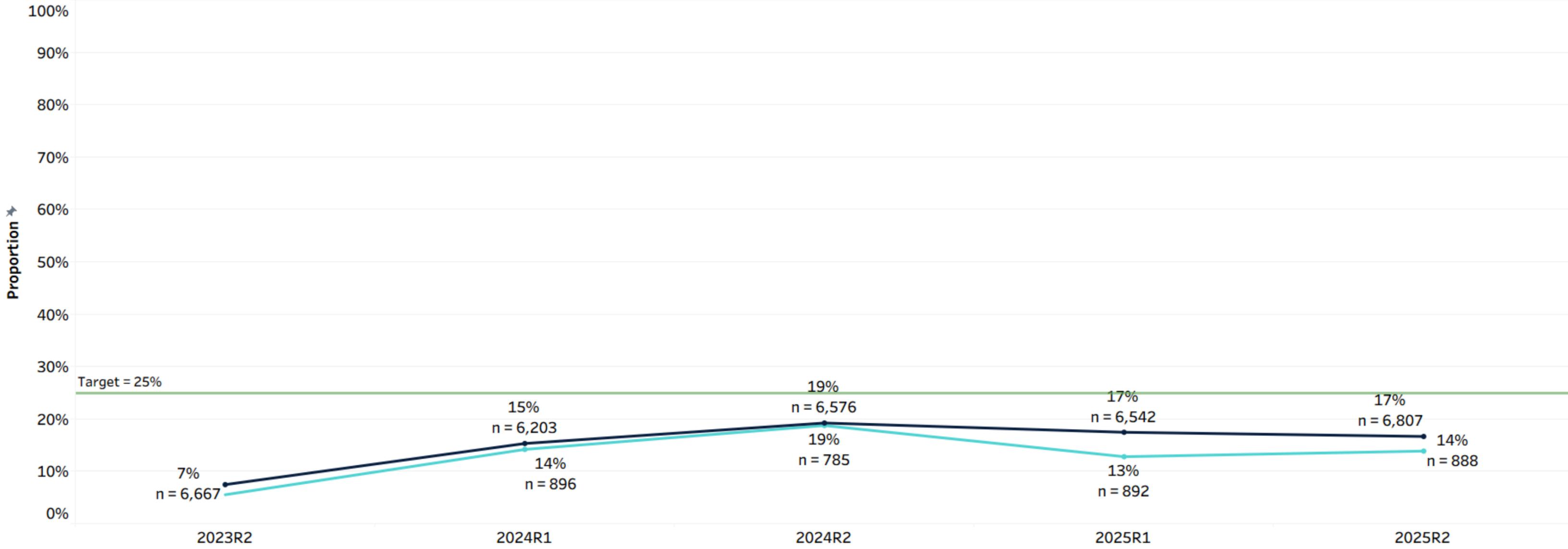


103: Designated Advocate Documented on a Legally Recognized Document in the Inpatient or Outpatient Medical Record  
 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 1,752



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 20%

## 103: Designated Advocate Documented on a Legally Recognized Document in the Inpatient or Outpatient Medical Record



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 75%

**Color Legend**  
■ MOQC - All  
■ MOQC - GYN

Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

# FIVE WISHES<sup>®</sup>

## MY WISH FOR:

1 The Person I Want to Make Care Decisions for Me When I Can't

2 The Kind of Medical Treatment I Want or Don't Want

3 How Comfortable I Want to Be

4 How I Want People to Treat Me

5 What I Want My Loved Ones to Know

Print Your Name

Birthdate

## Understanding Health Proxies and Patient Advocates



1

### What is a Patient Advocate?

Someone 18 or older you **legally choose** to make **medical or mental health decisions** for you if you're **unable** to **express** your **wishes or needs**.

2

### Who May Be My Best Patient Advocate?

It **may not** always be your spouse, family, or children. Sometimes, it can be a **trusted friend** who truly understands you and will **respect** your **medical wishes**.

3

### Do I Need a Patient Advocate Only If I'm Seriously Ill?

**No**, any adult can **benefit** from having a patient advocate. This is especially **important** if you **can't make decisions** for yourself, as your patient **advocate** can **speak** and **give consent** on your behalf.

4

### Who Can Be a Witness and How Many Are Needed?

On your patient advocate designation form, you need **two adult witnesses** who are **not** your **family**, **doctor**, designated **advocate**, or **employees** of the **place** you **receive care**.

MiHIN Advance Directive



Five Wishes

Interprofessional Development  
Education Sessions can be  
found at

<https://moqc.org/eventspace/>

## ADVANCE CARE PLANNING

PART 1: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 12-1PM

PART 2: WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 12-1PM

Both sessions will be held via Zoom

**MOQC**  
MICHIGAN ONCOLOGY  
QUALITY CONSORTIUM  
Cancer care. Patients first. The best care. Everywhere.

### PRESENTED BY:

Tracy Bargeron, MSN, RN  
Summer Bates, FNP-BC, ACHPN  
Katie Parkhurst, RN, BSN

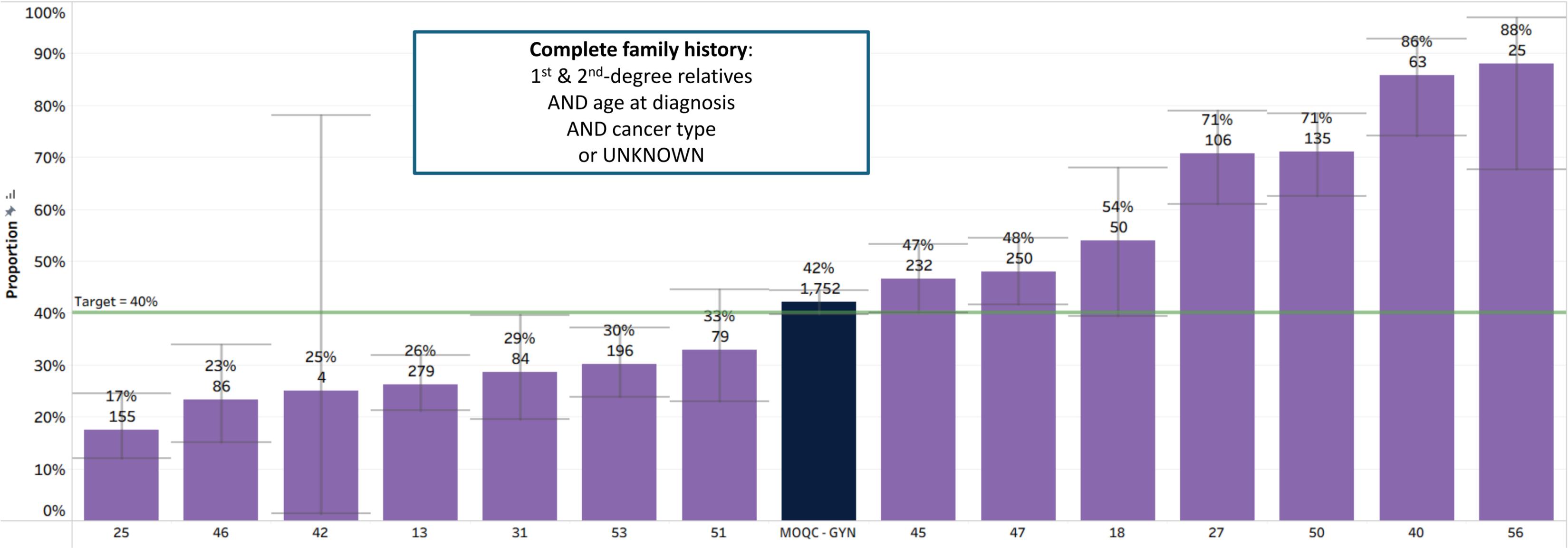
*Covenant HealthCare*

Intended audience:  
All healthcare team members



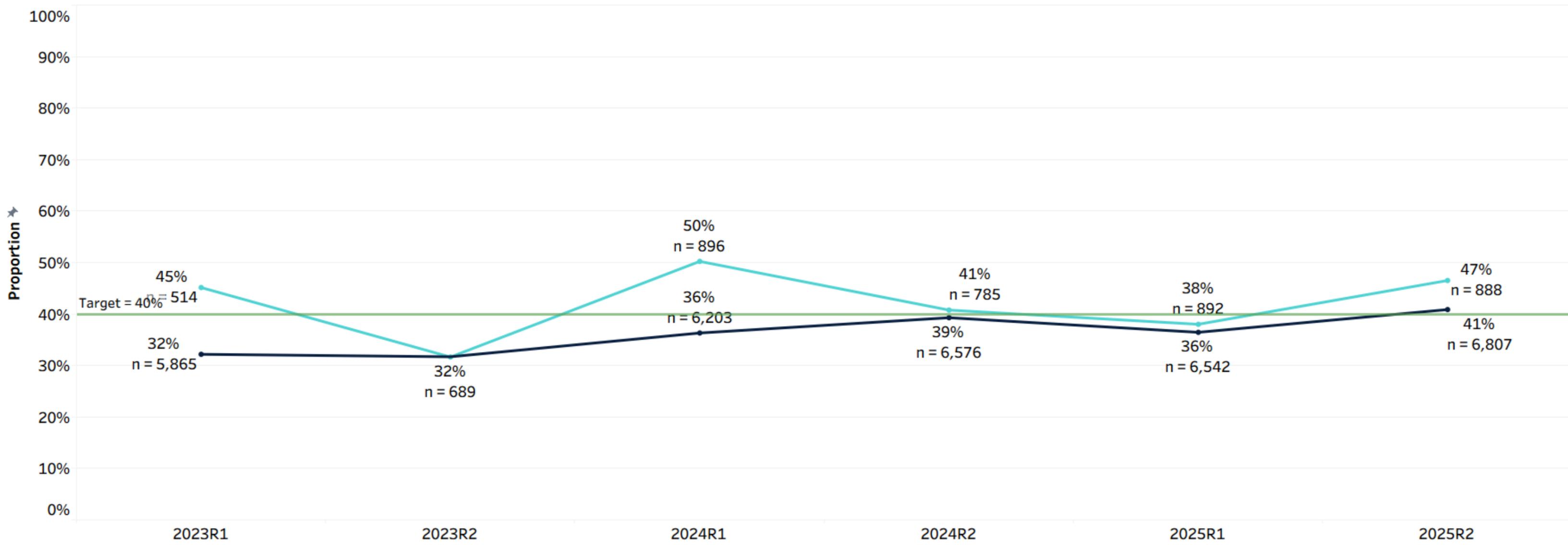
108a: Complete Family History Documented for Patients with Invasive Cancer  
2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 1,752

**Complete family history:**  
1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup>-degree relatives  
AND age at diagnosis  
AND cancer type  
or UNKNOWN



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 35%

### 108a: Complete Family History Documented for Patients with Invasive Cancer



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 35%

**Color Legend**  
■ MOQC - All  
■ MOQC - GYN

Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

## Hereditary Cancer Questionnaire

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_

Today's Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructions: This is a screening tool for cancers that run in families. Next to each blood-related family member, please list any cancer(s) they have been diagnosed with and their age of diagnosis (if known). If you do not know the exact age of diagnosis, you can put an estimate, ex. 50s or 80s.

Examples of cancer types to consider: bladder, breast, colon/rectal, kidney, leukemia, lymphoma, ovarian, pancreatic, prostate, testicular, uterine, brain, liver, lung, melanoma, penile, sarcoma, skin, small bowel, stomach, thyroid

Be as thorough as possible

Please check if you do not know your blood-related family history (Ex. I'm adopted)

Relationship	Sex	Cancer Type(s)	Age(s) at Diagnosis
Child 1	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Child 2	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Child 3	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Sibling 1	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Sibling 2	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Sibling 3	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Mother's Side			
Relationship	Sex	Cancer Type(s)	Age(s) at Diagnosis
Mother	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Grandmother	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Grandfather	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Aunt/Uncle 1	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Aunt/Uncle 2	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Aunt/Uncle 3	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Father's Side			
Relationship	Sex	Cancer Type(s)	Age(s) at Diagnosis
Father	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Grandmother	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Grandfather	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Aunt/Uncle 1	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Aunt/Uncle 2	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		
Aunt/Uncle 3	M <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/>		

Are you of Ashkenazi Jewish descent?  Yes  No

Have you or anyone in your family had genetic testing for a hereditary cancer syndrome?  Yes  No

\_\_\_\_\_  
Clinician's Printed Name

\_\_\_\_\_  
Clinician's Signature

Created in partnership with Munson

# Cancer Genetic Counseling: What to Know

Cancer genetic counseling is for people who may have an increased chance of cancer due to their personal or family history of cancer. Genetic counselors are healthcare providers who can help assess if you have an increased risk of cancer by looking at your personal and family medical history. Having genetic counseling is your choice. The information below can help you decide if this is right for you.

## What are some reasons I might see a cancer genetic counselor?

You might see a cancer genetic counselor if you have a personal and/or family history of cancer that suggests an inherited risk. Clues that there may be an inherited risk for cancer in a family include:

- Cancers diagnosed at an earlier age than usual (diagnosed under age 50)
- Rare cancers such as male breast cancer
- Being diagnosed with more than one type of cancer
- Multiple family members with the same or related types of cancers
- Personal or family history of a hereditary cancer syndrome such as Lynch syndrome or hereditary breast and ovarian cancer syndrome

This list does not cover every reason a person might see a cancer genetic counselor. If you are not sure about seeing a genetic counselor, ask your doctor if they think it is right for you.

## What happens during a genetic counseling appointment?

You will meet with a genetic counselor and sometimes another healthcare provider, like a doctor. In this meeting, you will discuss your personal and family medical history.

The genetic counselor will explain genetic testing, and review the benefits and risks to help you decide if genetic testing is right for you. The genetic counselor will assess if you are at increased risk for cancer and talk about your options for preventing cancer.

## What kind of sample is used for genetic testing?

If you decide to have genetic testing, it is normally done using a blood, saliva, or cheek swab sample. In rare cases, your provider might ask for a different kind of sample.

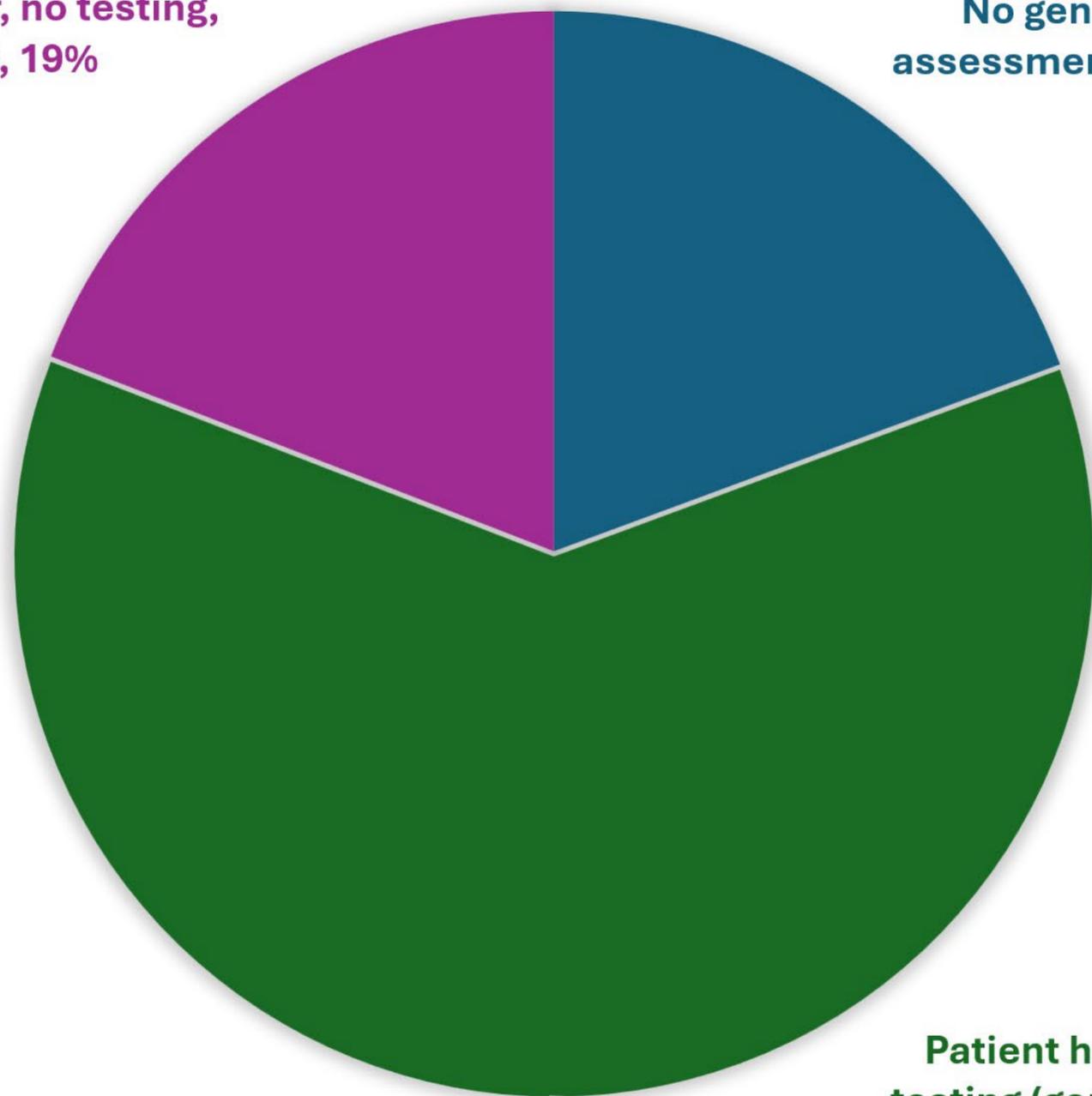
## What information could I get from genetic testing?

The purpose of cancer genetic testing is to see if someone has an inherited genetic change that may put them at higher risk for some cancers. If someone has an inherited risk for cancer, there are often ways a healthcare provider can help reduce their chance for cancer or find it early. When a person has an inherited risk of cancer, this means their family may also be at risk. It is recommended to share this information with family members, but that is your choice. A genetic counselor can help you talk about this with relatives, if you are willing.

**GENETIC RISK ASSESSMENT**  
6/1/2024 - 2/17/2026, N = 800

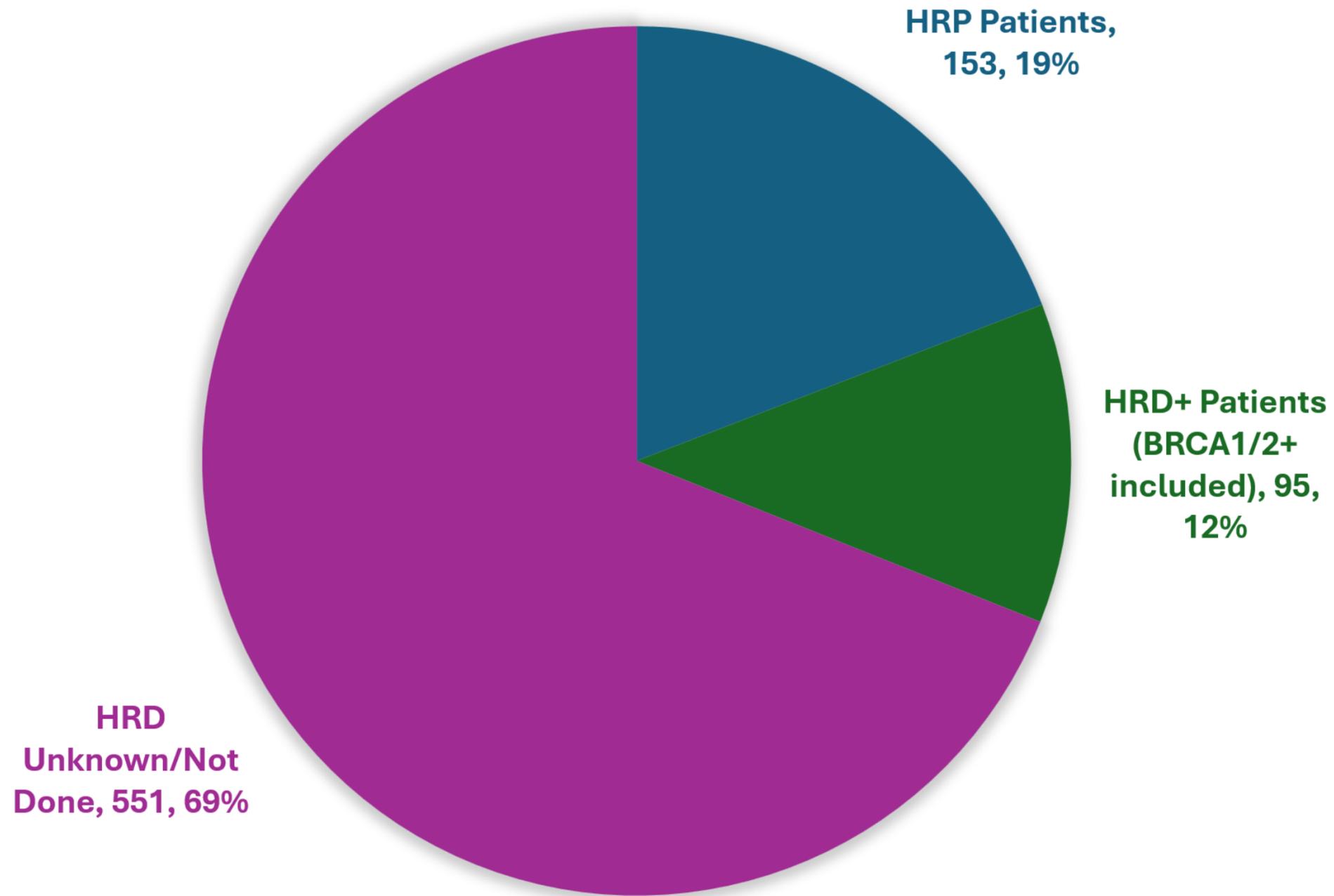
**Referred or saw  
counselor, no testing,  
153, 19%**

**No genetic risk  
assessment, 155, 19%**



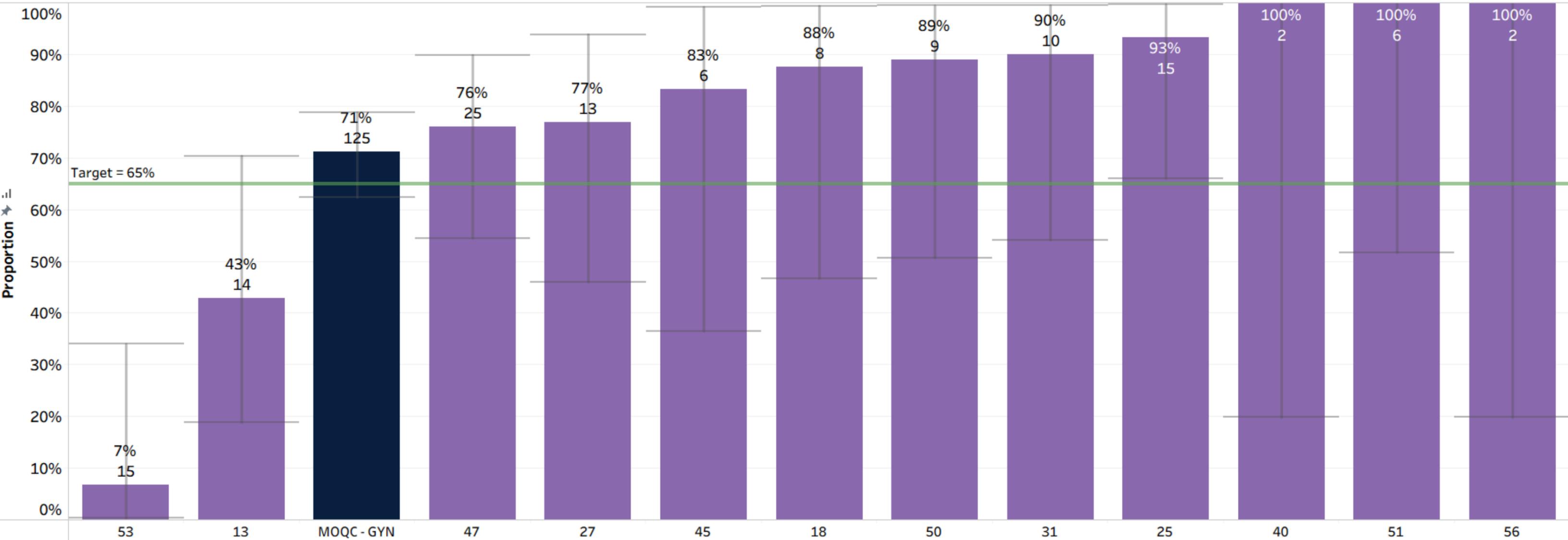
**Patient had genetic  
testing (germline), 492,  
62%**

**HRD STATUS DOCUMENTED, INCLUDING BRCA1/2+  
OVARIAN, FALLOPIAN TUBE, PERITONEAL CANCER PATIENTS  
6/1/2024 - 2/17/2026, N = 800**



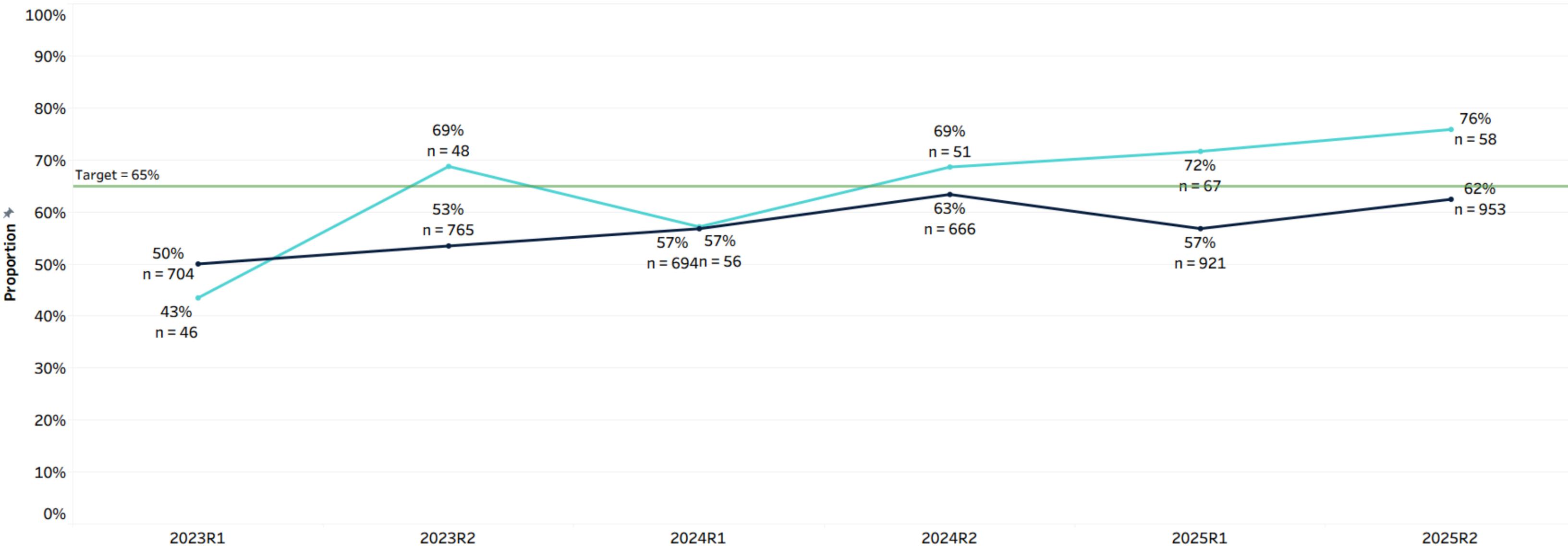
- 6 of the 153 HRP Patients received PARP Inhibitor (4%)
- 45 of the 95 HRD+ Patients received PARP Inhibitor (47%)

115: Olanzapine Prescribed as Part of a 4-Drug Antiemetic Regimen with Cycle 1 High Emetic Risk Chemotherapy  
2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 125



Patients receiving treatment on antiemetic clinical trial excluded.  
Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 60%

### 115: Olanzapine Prescribed as Part of a 4-Drug Antiemetic Regimen with Cycle 1 High Emetic Risk Chemotherapy



Proportion ★

Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 60%

**Color Legend**  
 ■ MOQC - All  
 ■ MOQC - GYN

Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

# OLANZAPINE

## WHY AM I GETTING A PRESCRIPTION FOR OLANZAPINE?

The cancer treatment that you will be getting can cause nausea or vomiting. We do everything we can to reduce this side effect. Olanzapine is highly effective, even in small doses, at decreasing nausea and vomiting and is an important part of your care.



## WHAT SHOULD I EXPECT WHEN I GO TO THE PHARMACY?



Olanzapine was originally approved for people with certain mental illness. The pharmacist may tell you about the original reason the drug was used when you drop off your prescription or pick up your medication. We want you to be prepared for this possibility. You may wish to tell the pharmacist why you have been prescribed olanzapine and that your cancer team is prescribing olanzapine for a completely different reason. This original approval for the medication does not make your insurance or your medical record think you have the certain mental illness when you get the prescription.

## WHAT ABOUT THE SIDE EFFECTS?

Nearly all the side effects listed for this medication occur in people who are on higher doses of the medicine and who take the medicine every day for many years. People who take olanzapine for chemotherapy are not likely to get side effects other than tiredness. It is often recommended that you take it in the evening because of this.



## IS OLANZAPINE COVERED BY INSURANCE? IS IT EXPENSIVE?

This medication is much less expensive than other medicines used to prevent side effects of chemotherapy. The cost for each pill is about 20 cents. Most insurance will cover the cost, but you can also choose to pay for it on your own if insurance does not cover it.

## THESE SITES MAY BE HELPFUL TO LEARN MORE ABOUT NAUSEA AND VOMITING RELATED TO CANCER TREATMENT:

National Cancer Institute - [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov)  
American Cancer Society - [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org)  
American Society of Clinical Oncology - [www.cancer.net](http://www.cancer.net)  
National Comprehensive Cancer Network - [www.nccn.org](http://www.nccn.org)

# 115: NK1 Receptor Antagonist & Olanzapine Given as Part of a 4-Drug Regimen with High Emetic Risk Chemotherapy



## What is this measure?

- High emetic risk chemotherapy is defined as greater than 90% frequency of emesis (vomiting) from chemotherapy in the absence of effective preventative measures
- Goals of this measure include:
  - Increasing the use of guideline-concordant prescribing of antiemetic therapy
  - Increasing the use of olanzapine
  - Reduce unplanned medical care or hospitalization
- 4-Drug Antiemetic Regimen For High Emetic Risk Chemotherapy:
  - Neurokinin-1 Receptor Antagonists (NK1RA)
  - Corticosteroids
  - 5HT3 Receptor Antagonists
  - Olanzapine
- Resources:
  - ASCO Guidelines: <https://ascopubs.org/doi/10.1200/JCO.20.01296>
  - NCCN Guidelines: <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28687576/>

## Why is this measure important?

- Chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting (CINV) is a feared side effects of cancer treatment
- If not adequately controlled, CINV can add to patients' morbidity, cost of therapy, and impair the patient's quality of life
- Appropriate use of antiemetics in patients receiving high emetic risk chemotherapy improves symptoms, decreases unscheduled medical care, and reduces the risk of unplanned hospitalization

## What is included in this measure?

- Determine if patient received chemotherapy
  - Chemotherapy administered, date of chemotherapy start, patient received IV chemotherapy during cycle 1 of initial chemotherapy treatment (yes/no), start date of IV chemotherapy during cycle 1 of initial treatment
- Determine emetic risk of chemotherapy received
- Determine what antiemetics were administered including dates of administration

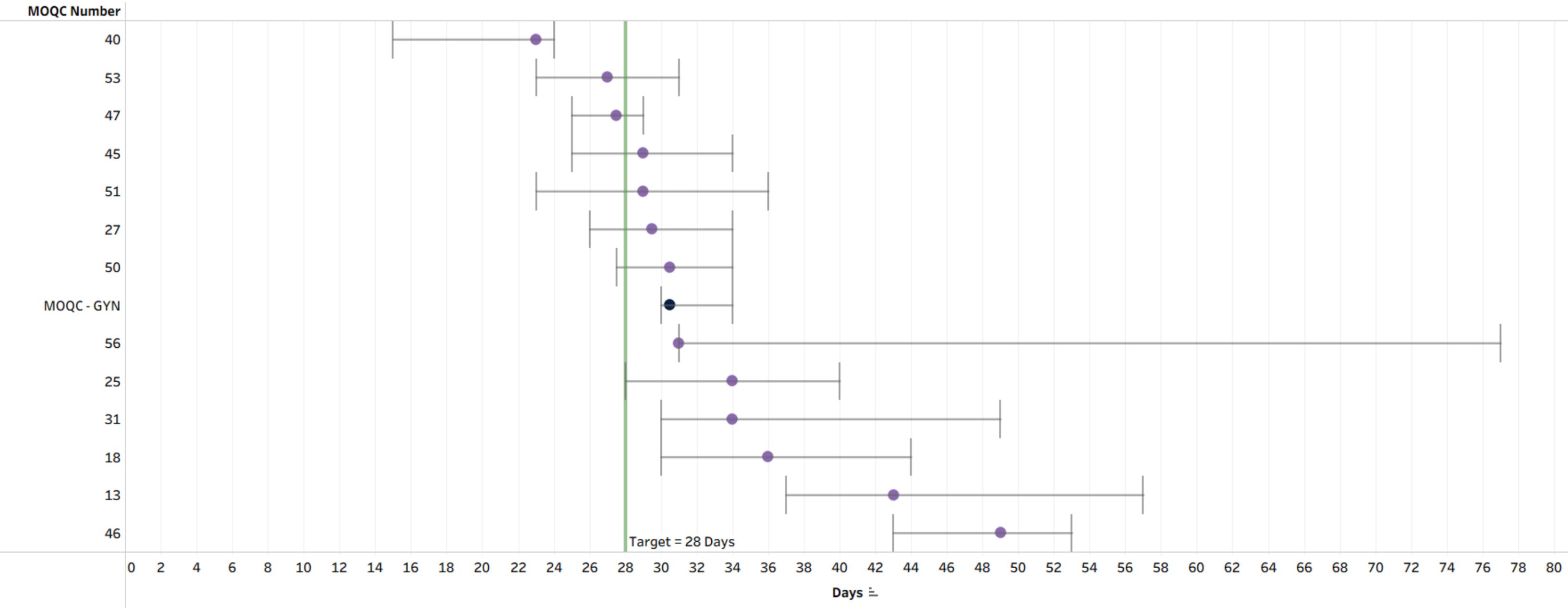
## Where can abstractors find this information?

- Medication Administration Record (MAR)
- Chemotherapy Flowsheet
- Medication List or Pharmacy Records
- Abstractors may use the search option in some EMRs

# Gyn Onc Surgery Measures

- Days from surgery to chemotherapy start in ovarian, peritoneal, and fallopian tube cancers
- Prescribing of opioids after hysterectomy (any modality)

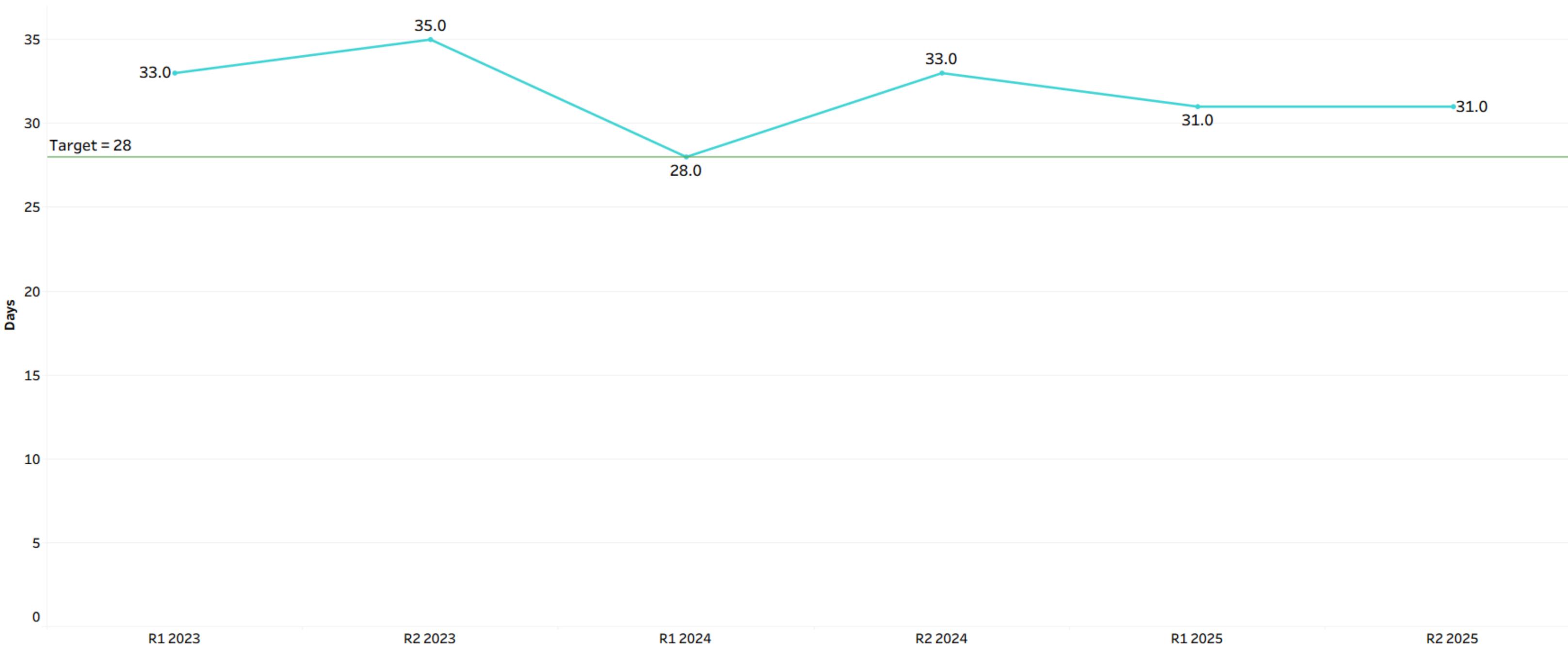
123: Days from Surgery to Chemotherapy Start in Ovarian, Peritoneal, and Fallopian Tube Cancers  
(Lower Score = Better)  
2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 220



**123: Days from Surgery to Chemotherapy Start in Ovarian,  
 Peritoneal, and Fallopian Tube Cancers**  
 (Lower Score = Better)  
 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 220

MOQC Number	Chart Count	Median Days
40	13	23.0
53	15	27.0
47	40	27.5
45	23	29.0
51	7	29.0
27	16	29.5
50	20	30.5
56	3	31.0
25	25	34.0
31	11	34.0
18	8	36.0
13	25	43.0
46	14	49.0
<b>Total</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>30.5</b>

### 123: Days from Surgery to Chemotherapy Start in Ovarian, Peritoneal, and Fallopian Tube Cancers (Lower Score = Better)



Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

# Publication QR



Clinical Trial > Ann Oncol. 2016 Jan;27(1):114-21. doi: 10.1093/annonc/mdv500.

Epub 2015 Oct 20.

## Early initiation of chemotherapy following complete resection of advanced ovarian cancer associated with improved survival: NRG Oncology/Gynecologic Oncology Group study

K S Tewari <sup>1</sup>, J J Java <sup>2</sup>, R N Eskander <sup>3</sup>, B J Monk <sup>4</sup>, R A Burger <sup>5</sup>

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 26487588 PMID: PMC4684156 DOI: 10.1093/annonc/mdv500

### Abstract

**Background:** To determine whether time from surgery to initiation of chemotherapy impacts survival in advanced ovarian carcinoma.

**Patients and methods:** This is a post-trial ad hoc analysis of Gynecologic Oncology Group protocol 218, a phase III randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial designed to study the antiangiogenesis agent, bevacizumab, in primary and maintenance therapy for patients with newly diagnosed advanced ovarian carcinoma. Maximum attempt at debulking was an eligibility criterion. Stage III patients, not stage IV, were required to have gross macroscopic or palpable residual disease following surgery. The survival impact of time from surgery to initiation of chemotherapy was studied using Cox regression models and stratified by treatment arm, residual disease and other clinical and pathologic factors.

# Publication QR



Gynecologic Oncology

Volume 144, Issue 2, February 2017, Pages 260-265



## Chemotherapy delay after primary debulking surgery for ovarian cancer

Brandon-Luke L. Seagle <sup>1</sup>, Sharlay K. Butler, Anna E. Strohl, Wilberto Nieves-Neira, Shohreh Shahabi

Show more ▾

+ Add to Mendeley Share Cite

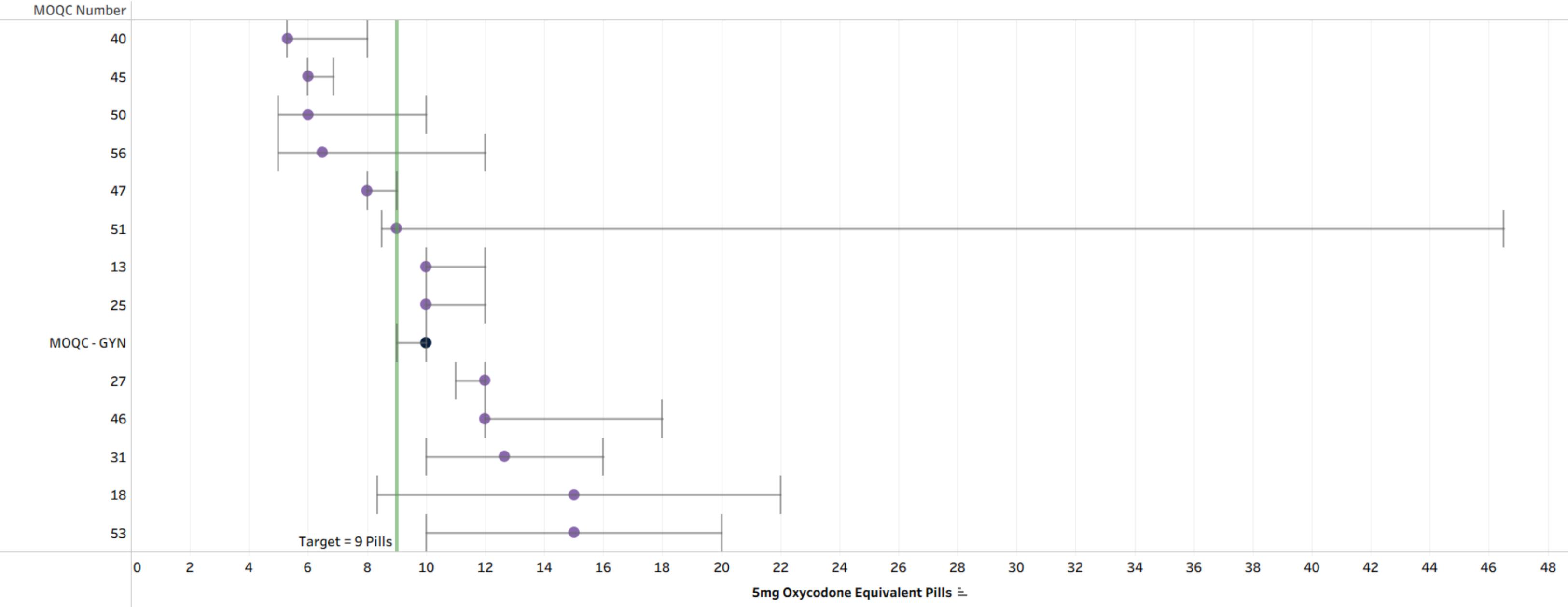
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ygyno.2016.11.022>

[Get rights and content](#)

### Highlights

- Nearly 60% of women experience chemotherapy delay >28days.
- Chemotherapy delay >35days is associated with a 7% increased hazard of death.
- The evidence-based best surgery to chemotherapy interval is 21–35days.

116: Prescribing of Opioids for Patients After Hysterectomy (Any Modality)  
(Lower Score = Better)  
2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 284



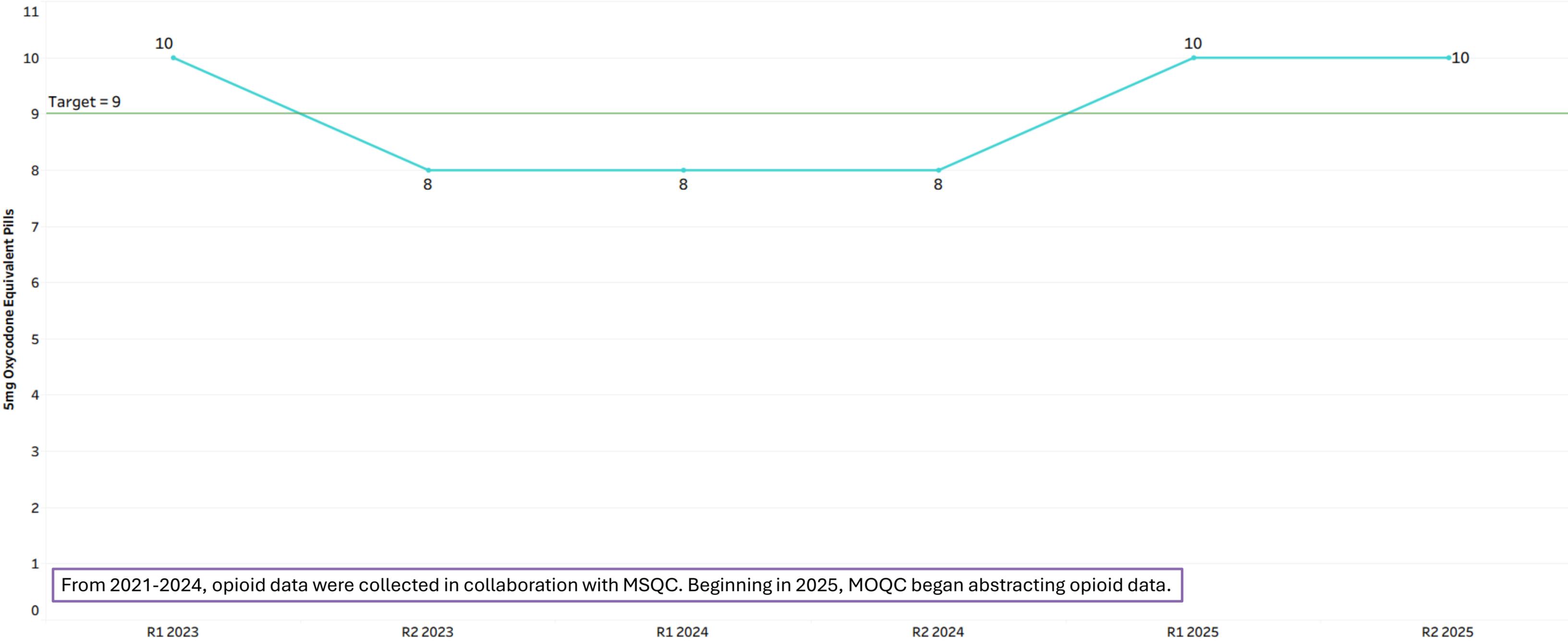
## 116: Prescribing of Opioids for Patients After Hysterectomy (Any Modality)

(Lower Score = Better)

2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 284

MOQC Number	Count of Charts	Median 5mg Oxycodone Equivalent Pills
<b>13</b>	52	10.0
<b>18</b>	6	15.0
<b>25</b>	29	10.0
<b>27</b>	18	12.0
<b>31</b>	14	12.7
<b>40</b>	15	5.3
<b>45</b>	34	6.0
<b>46</b>	21	12.0
<b>47</b>	47	8.0
<b>50</b>	19	6.0
<b>51</b>	6	9.0
<b>53</b>	13	15.0
<b>56</b>	10	6.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>10.0</b>

### 116: Prescribing of Opioids for Patients After Hysterectomy (Any Modality) (Lower Score = Better)



From 2021-2024, opioid data were collected in collaboration with MSQC. Beginning in 2025, MOQC began abstracting opioid data.

# MOQC Opioid Calculator



[www.opioidcalculator.org](http://www.opioidcalculator.org)



[About](#) ▾ [Abstraction](#) ▾ [Patients/Caregivers](#) ▾ [Initiatives](#) ▾ [News & Events](#) ▾ [Resources](#) ▾

## Opioid Calculator



The information provided on this website is "as-is" and makes no representations or warranties in relation to the medical information on this website.

I agree that the website host and developer will not be held responsible for any errors or consequences in management of patient care resulting from such errors. I will confirm that the information is correct before using it in any documentation.

Age

≤20  20-39  40-59  60-79  ≥80

History of Depression

No  Yes

# Publication QR



[Gynecol Oncol. 2021 Sep;162\(3\):756-762. doi: 10.1016/j.ygyno.2021.06.023. Epub 2021 Jul 3.](#)

## Optimization of postoperative opioid prescriptions in gynecologic oncology: Striking a balance between opioid reduction and pain control

Alli M Straubhar<sup>1</sup>, Liam Dalton<sup>2</sup>, Aimee Rolston<sup>2</sup>, Kevin McCool<sup>2</sup>, Olivia De Bear<sup>2</sup>, Cynthia Stroup<sup>2</sup>, R Kevin Reynolds<sup>2</sup>, Karen McLean<sup>2</sup>, Jean H Siedel<sup>2</sup>, Shitanshu Uppal<sup>2</sup>

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 34226021 DOI: 10.1016/j.ygyno.2021.06.023

### Abstract

**Objective:** To implement a quality-improvement initiative to assess the impact various patient and procedural factors have on postoperative opioid use. To develop a tailored opioid prescribing algorithm for gynecologic oncology patients.

**Methods:** A retrospective cohort study was performed of patients who underwent a laparoscopy or laparotomy procedure for a suspected or known gynecologic malignancy between 3/2019-9/2020. Patients were assessed preoperatively for the presence of suspected risk factors for opioid misuse (depression, anxiety, chronic pain, current opioid use, or substance abuse). Patients completed a 30-day postoperative questionnaire assessing for total opioid pill use and refills requests. Multivariate

# DISCUSSION



# End-of-Life Measures

- Hospice enrollment
- Median time on hospice
- Palliative care consultation
- Anticancer therapy administration

# Chart Selection Criteria for Presented Data

**Abstracted February 1, 2025 – January 31, 2026**

## **Eligible Patient Criteria**

18 or older at diagnosis

Invasive malignancy or hematologic malignancy\*

## **EOL patients only need to meet criteria below:**

Patient must have died 12/1/2023 – 5/31/2026

Patient must have a known date of death

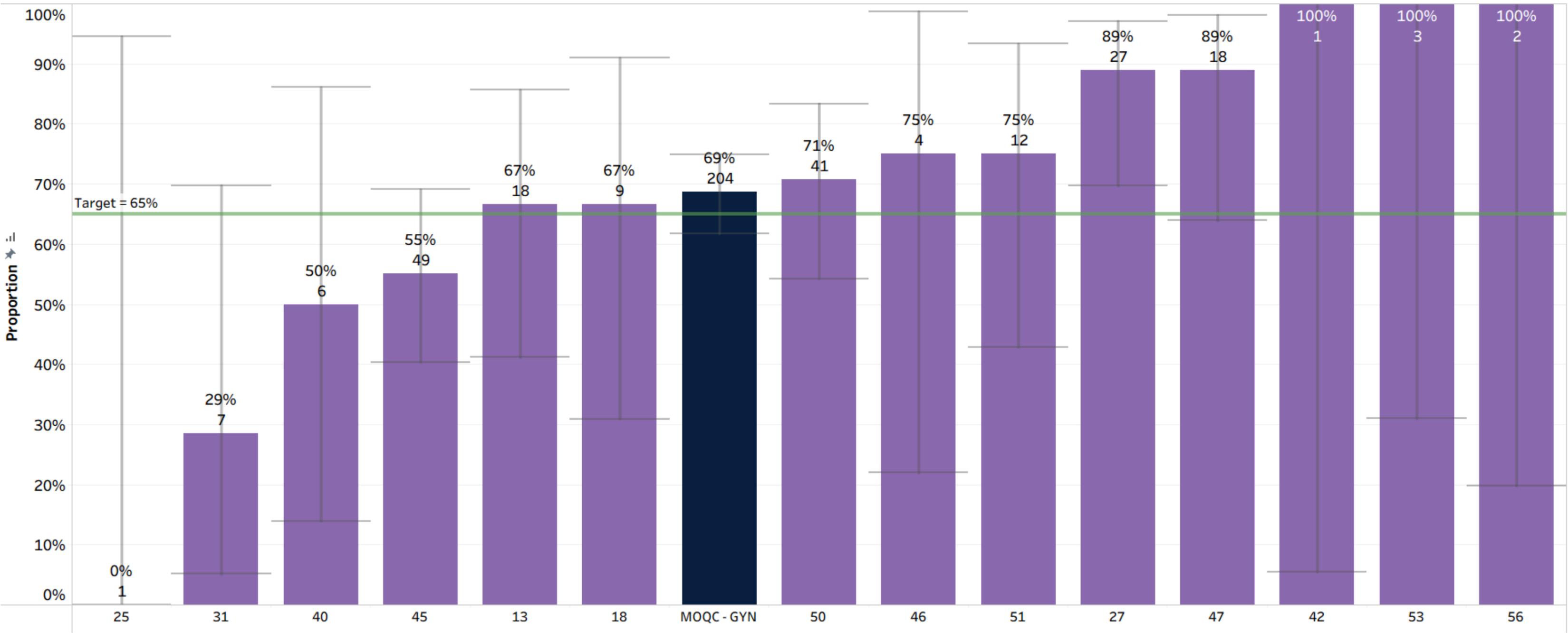
Death related to cancer or cancer-related treatment

2 office visits (practitioner): Within 12 months preceding death

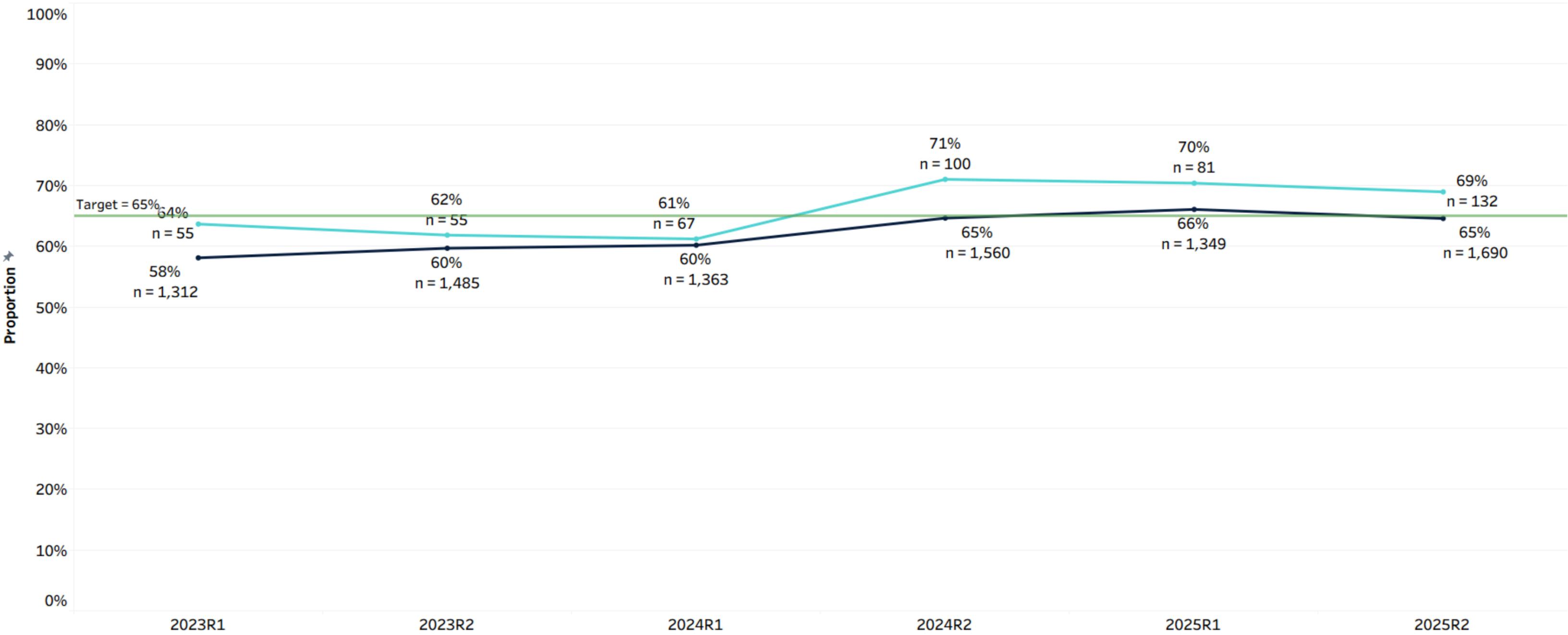
\*Hematologic malignancies excluded from measures 126a, 126b, 126c, 127, 127a, 128



### 126a: Hospice Enrollment 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 204



### 126a: Hospice Enrollment



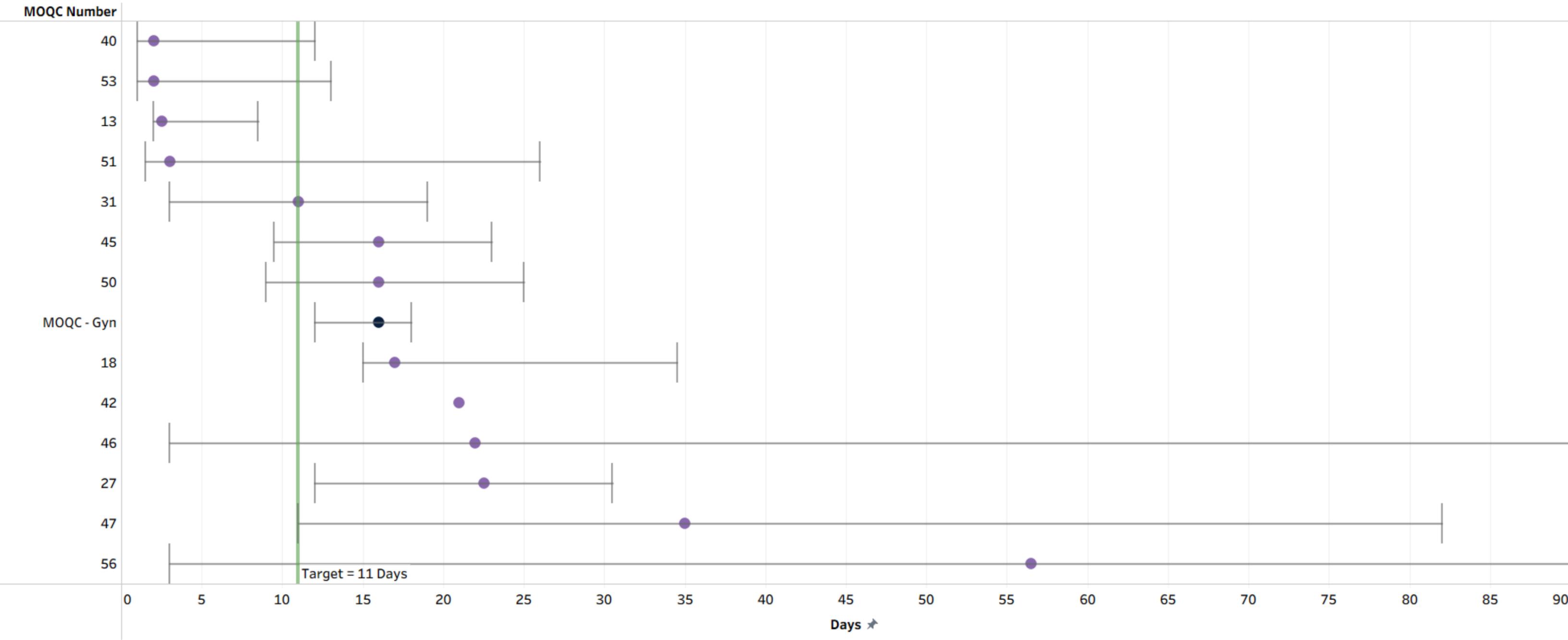
Color Legend

MOQC - All

MOQC - GYN

Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

### 126d: Median Days on Hospice before Death 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 135



**126d: Median Days on Hospice before Death**  
**2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 135**

MOQC Number	Patient Count	Median Days on Hospice
40	3	2.0
53	3	2.0
13	12	2.5
51	6	3.0
31	2	11.0
45	26	16.0
50	28	16.0
18	6	17.0
42	1	21.0
46	3	22.0
27	24	22.5
47	16	35.0
56	2	56.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>16.0</b>

# Letter Templates

↓ Hospice Patient Enrollment Notification Template

↓ Hospice Patient Death Notification Template

## MOQC Pathways

↓ Palliative Radiation for Oncology Patients with Bone Metastases

✂ View Map of Participating Hospices & Radiation Oncology Practices

↓ Palliative Radiation for Oncology Patients on Hospice with Bleeding



## Hospice Conversations:

### Words That Make It Easier for Patients and Their Loved Ones

Hospice conversations can feel emotionally charged and uncertain, but with the right words, we can create space for clarity, connection, and patient-centered decisions. Consider using these five phrases to invite open-ended conversation, foster shared understanding, and ease fear or resistance.

**What are you (both) hoping for, right now?**

Validate both patient and caregiver voices.

**Would it be okay if we talked together about what's ahead?**

Set a collaborative tone and signal safety.

**If things do not go as we hope, what would be most important to you and your family?**

Ease into planning, while honoring hope.

**I wish things were different. Can we talk together about what this means and what matters now?**

Combine empathy with realism and invite unity.

**What does a good day look like for you, and how can we protect that?**

This phrase is value-based, inclusive, and actionable.

### Tips for Timing and Approach:

#### Normalize Early, Revisit Often:

Frame the conversation as something many people find helpful to start early. Emphasize that it can be revisited as things evolve.

#### Anchor in Shared Values:

Identify what matters most to the patient and family (e.g., being home, avoiding pain, seeing family) and shape the care plan around those values.

#### Be Mindful of Presence:

**Posture:** Sit at eye level. A relaxed, open posture invites connection.

**Tone:** Use a compassionate voice. Pauses and silence are okay. Let emotions breathe.

**Environment:** Choose a quiet, private space. Limit distractions. A peaceful setting helps patients and families feel safe and heard.



### Common traps to avoid:

1. Leaving the caregiver out: Caregivers may have unspoken fears or misunderstandings. Invite them in.

2. Rushing the conversation: Let the silence and pauses do the work. Patients and caregivers need space.

3. Using euphemisms like "comfort care only": Be clear, respectful, and honest. Clarity is kindness.

### Mindset Reminders

**Presence > Perfection**  
Show up, listen well.

**Two Voices, One Conversation**  
Speak to both the patient and their support person with compassion and clarity.

**Make it Safe, Not Final**  
One conversation rarely does it all. Open the door and let them walk through at their pace.

# WHAT MATTERS TO YOU?

Deciding if Hospice is Right for You  
**CONVERSATION GUIDE**



## WHAT WILL I DO WHEN MY LOVED ONE IS ON HOSPICE?

Caring for a loved one with a serious illness is one of the most important roles you can play. As the primary caregiver while your loved one is on hospice, your tasks range from buying groceries and cooking meals, to arranging medical appointments, to providing hands-on care such as bathing and changing bed linens.

## WHAT DOES HOSPICE PROVIDE FOR MY LOVED ONE AND OUR FAMILY?

- Medications that are needed for comfort
- Medical equipment and supplies
- Short-term inpatient care at approved facilities for symptoms that cannot be controlled at home
- Temporary care away from home, also called respite care.
- Other complimentary services such as volunteers, music therapy, massage, and pet therapy may be available.

## YOUR WELL-BEING IS IMPORTANT.

It is natural to feel isolated and burdened by the responsibilities of caregiving. You may feel unsure about the decision-making that comes with being a caregiver. You may feel doubts about your ability to care for your loved one.

## HOW CAN HOSPICE HELP?

Hospice professionals can show you how to do many of these important tasks. You will have a team, including a nurse, doctor, social worker, home health aides, and spiritual care, that will help you with the physical responsibilities of caregiving and support your emotional needs. You may reach out to your hospice team whenever you need them.

Hospice can also help you develop a plan to meet your own needs and find other resources. Reaching out to family, friends, your church, or your social groups can also be especially helpful.

## WHAT ELSE SHOULD I KNOW?

Enrolling your loved one in hospice is optional. Hospice care can be cancelled or changed for any reason at any time.

Talk about hospice with your family and friends. Sharing this pamphlet might help you to start the conversation. You can request a hospice informational visit that may help you to make a choice between hospices.

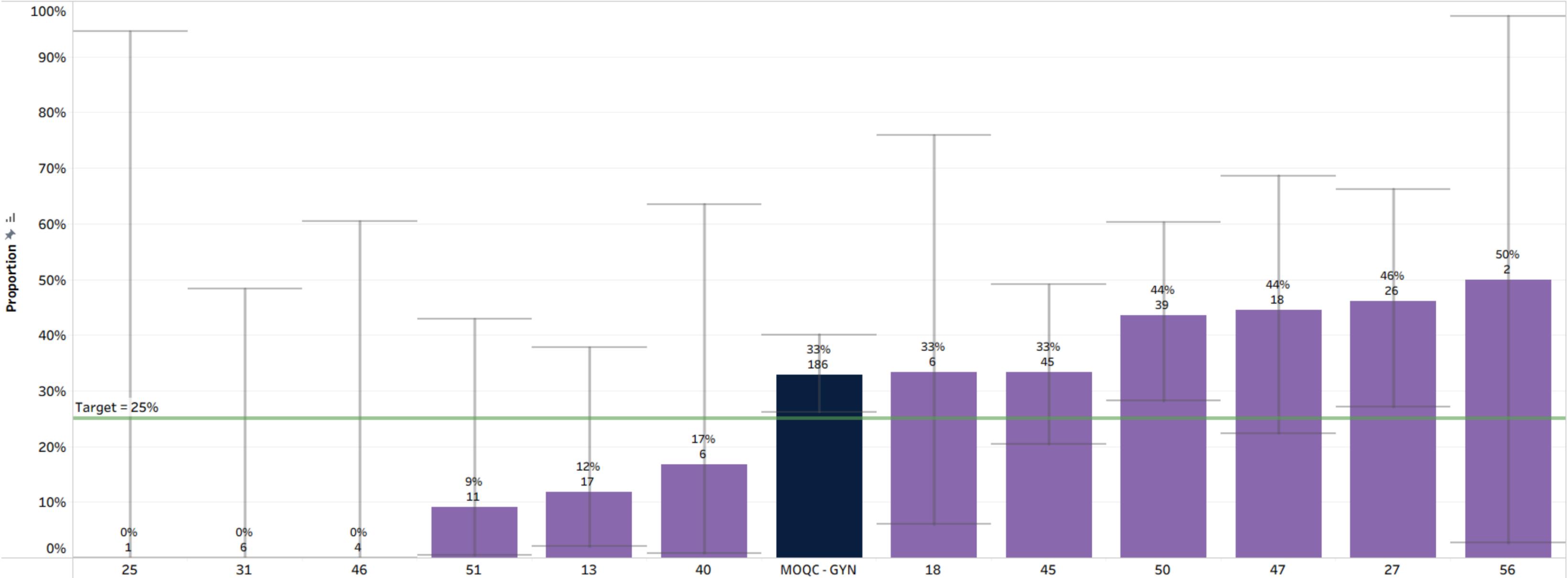
Ask about hospices in your area.



Is  
**HOSPICE**  
Right for  
MY LOVED ONE  
and Me?

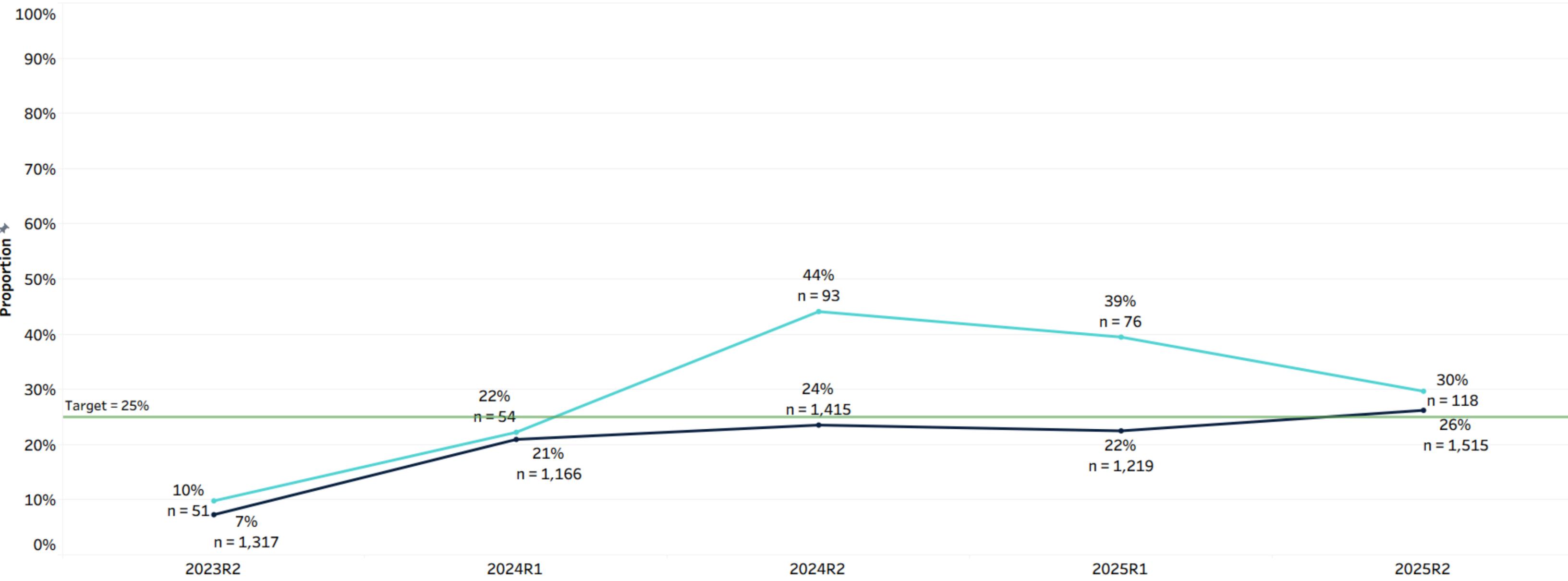


### 129: Palliative Care Consultation More than 90 Days Before Death 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 186



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 20%

### 129: Palliative Care Consultation More than 90 Days Before Death



Target updated in 2026. Previous Target: 20%

**Color Legend**  
■ MOQC - All  
■ MOQC - GYN

Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

# Looking for Relief While Going Through Cancer? Palliative care can help at any stage of your journey.

## What is Palliative Care?

Palliative care is specialized care that focuses on relieving pain and symptoms of serious illness while helping you cope with side effects of treatment.

## Is Palliative and Hospice Care the Same?

Often confused with hospice, palliative care can help you in any stage of treatment to help you feel better and improve your well-being.

Whether you're newly diagnosed, in treatment, or finished with treatment, palliative care can support you.

## What is the Difference Between Palliative Care and Hospice?

Palliative Care	Hospice
Focuses on managing pain and symptoms from cancer and treatment to improve overall well-being and quality of life.	Focuses on care for cancer patients near the end of life, prioritizing comfort instead of treatment to improve quality of life.
Available at any point during your cancer care, even right after diagnosis. There are no time limits.	Provides comfort as cancer treatment ends and the focus shifts to end-of-life care.
Offered at local clinics, hospitals, cancer centers, or at your home.	Offered at hospice centers, retirement communities, hospitals, or at your home.
Oncologists, nurses, social workers, pharmacists, physical therapists, and interfaith chaplains work together relieving symptoms and stress of your illness.	Hospice physicians, nurses, social workers, pharmacists, home aides, and interfaith chaplains provide end-of-life care and support.



## How Can Palliative Care Improve My Life?

Palliative care helps support your physical, emotional, social, and spiritual needs.

### Physical Needs

- Pain from cancer
- Nausea or vomiting
- Loss of appetite



### Emotional Needs

- Anxiety about cancer
- Depression or sadness
- Loss of control
- Fear of dying



### Social Needs

- Caregiver support
- Financial support
- Food and nutrition support
- Transportation
- Housing support



### Spiritual Needs

- Spiritual and faith-based support
- Connection to support groups
- Creating connection with loved ones



## Palliative Care Certificate Program: Cohort 2



### PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS:

- Access to all CAPC resources during training
- Tuition covered by MOQC (\$2,500 per person)
- Highly experienced instructors
- 8-10 hours monthly time commitment
- Continuing education credits
  - 28.75 CME/33.55 Nursing Contact Hours
- Building a Michigan network of palliative care providers
- Graduation celebration

### IMPORTANT 2026 DATES:

Kick off/Orientation Event (5.30-7pm EST):

**March 19**

Virtual Clinical Discussions (6-7pm EST):

**April 23 • May 21 • June 25 • Aug 27 • Sept 24**

**Capstone Presentation (1-4pm EST): Oct 22**

The CAPC MOQC Palliative Care Certificate Program equips participants with practical primary palliative care skills to deliver compassionate, person-centered care, whether you are just getting started or looking to strengthen your approach.

### Application open Jan 6-23, 2026 to

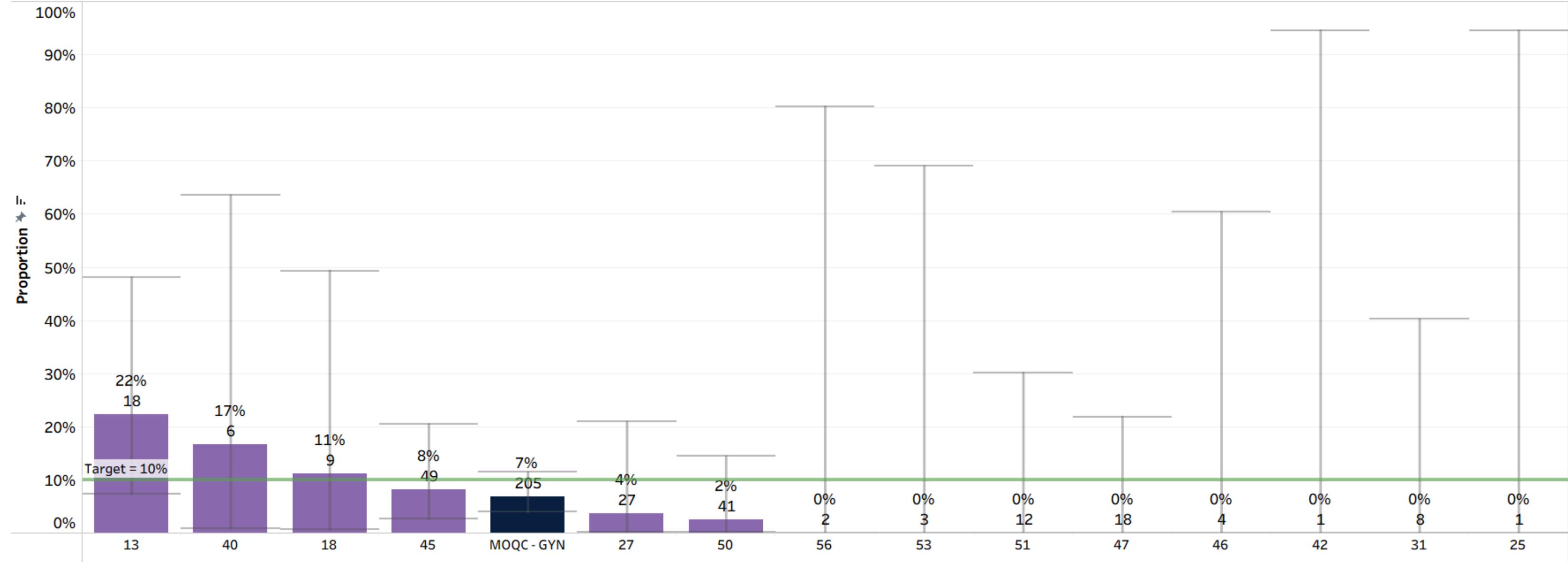
- Oncology APPs (NPs and PAs) from MOQC practices
- Primary care and oncology Physicians, NPs, and PAs from FQHCs and tribal clinics

### 2026 Virtual Training Schedule

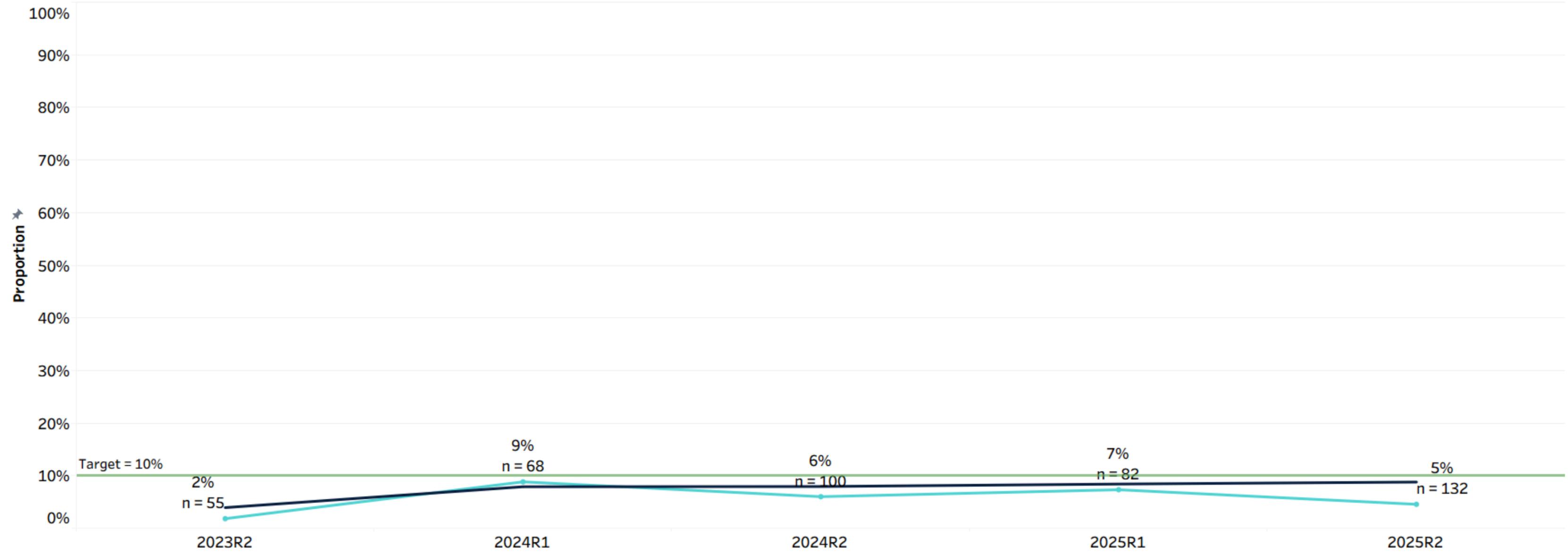
<b>April</b>	Assessing the needs of patients and caregivers
<b>May</b>	Strengthening the patient-clinician relationship and understanding care goals
<b>June</b>	Non-pain symptom management
<b>July</b>	Break in training
<b>August</b>	Pain management
<b>Sept</b>	Preventing crises and planning ahead
<b>Oct</b>	Capstone project



127a: Any Anticancer Therapy, Including Chemotherapy,  
 Administered within the Last 14 Days of Life  
 (Lower Score = Better)  
 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 205



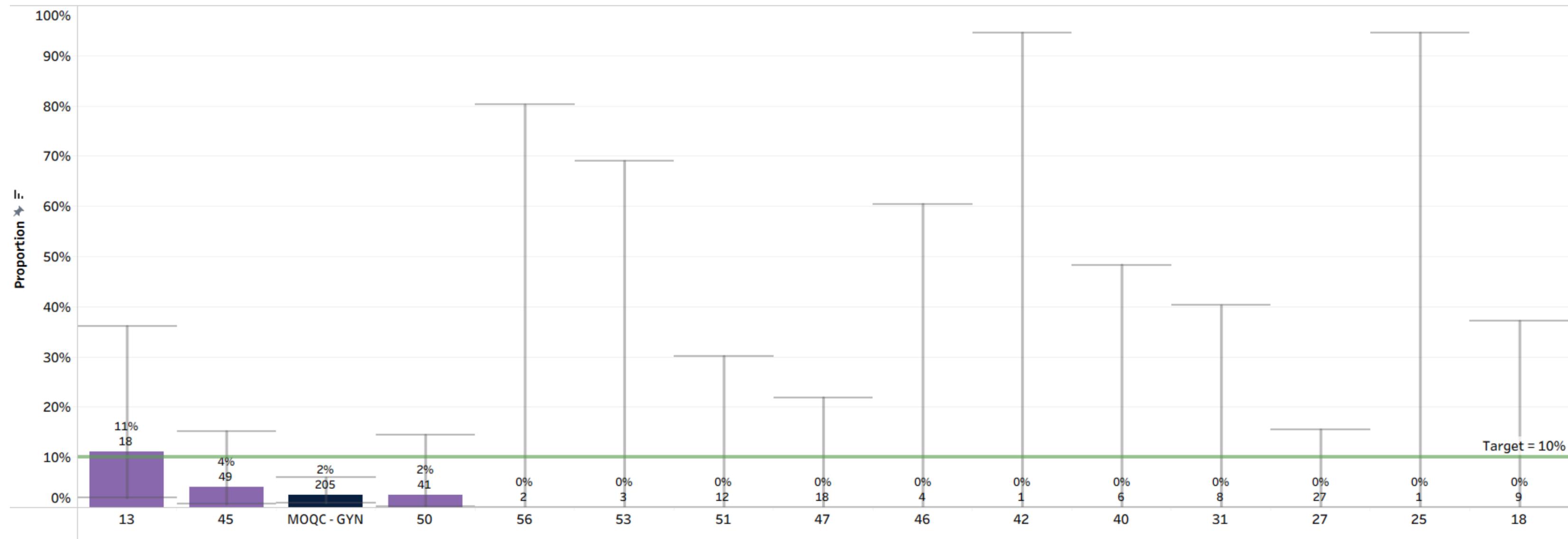
# 127a: Any Anticancer Therapy, Including Chemotherapy, Administered within the Last 14 Days of Life (Lower Score = Better)



**Color Legend**  
■ MOQC - All  
■ MOQC - GYN

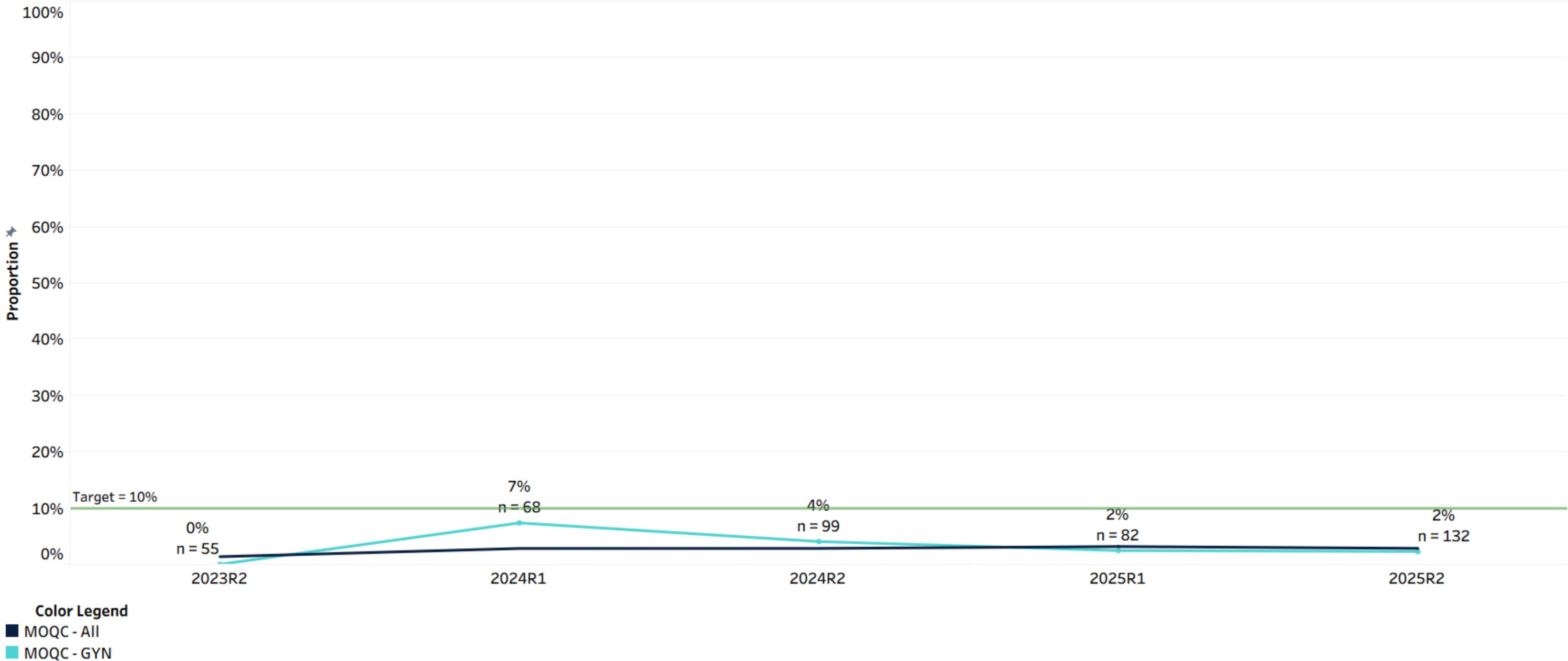
Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

130: Beginning a New Anticancer Regimen within the Last 14 Days of Life  
 (Lower Score = Better)  
 2/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 205



Patients receiving a new anticancer drug/regimen as part of a clinical trial excluded.

# 130: Beginning a New Anticancer Regimen within the Last 14 Days of Life (Lower Score = Better)



Trend slides use rounds to highlight trends over time – each round represents 6 months of calendar year data

## SOUNDING BOARD

### Bending the Cost Curve in Cancer Care

Thomas J. Smith, M.D., and Bruce E. Hillner, M.D.

Annual direct costs for cancer care are projected to rise — from \$104 billion in 2006<sup>1</sup> to over \$173 billion in 2020 and beyond.<sup>2</sup> This increase has been driven by a dramatic rise in both the cost of therapy<sup>3</sup> and the extent of care.<sup>4</sup> In the United States, the sales of anticancer drugs are now second only to those of drugs for heart disease, and 70% of these sales come from products introduced in the past 10 years. Most new molecules are priced at \$5,000 per month or more,<sup>5</sup> and in many cases the cost-effectiveness ratios far exceed commonly accepted thresholds.<sup>6</sup> This trend is not sustainable.<sup>7,8</sup>

We must find ways to reduce the costs of everyday care to allow more people and advances to be covered without bankrupting the health care system. Brody recently challenged each medical specialty to identify at least the top five tests or treatments for which costs could be substantially reduced without depriving any patient of meaningful benefit.<sup>9</sup> Medical oncologists directly or

no benefit to surveillance testing with serum tumor markers or imaging for most cancers, including those of the pancreas, ovary,<sup>12</sup> or lung,<sup>13</sup> yet these tests are commonly used in many settings. In breast cancer, randomized studies showed that scheduled (not symptom-guided) imaging does not detect curable recurrences or alter survival. Twenty years ago, the estimated cost of wasted medical resources in the United States for patients with breast cancer was \$1 billion per year.<sup>14</sup> The common exception is colon cancer, for which some patients do benefit from scheduled carcinoembryonic antigen testing and computed tomography.<sup>15</sup>

Changing practice will not be easy. Patients want reassurance that things will be “caught early,” and it can be troubling to both patients and doctors to confront the realization that detecting liver metastasis when the lesion measures 1 cm rather than 2 cm does not alter the prognosis. Many practices earn ancillary income

N Engl J Med. 2011 May 26; 364(21):  
2060–2065. doi:10.1056/NEJMsB1013826

## 130: Starting a New Anticancer Regimen within 14 Days of Death (Lower = Better)



### Why do we want to decrease the number of people receiving a new anticancer regimen at the end of life?

- Beginning a new anticancer therapy when someone is close to death:
  - Creates confusion for the patient and loved ones about goals of care
  - Is not likely to lead to clinical benefit
  - Can cause toxicity, which is likely to outweigh any benefit, even when low
- Costs of therapy lead to financial strain for patients and their loved ones

### For whom is this measure collected?

- All patients who died from cancer or cancer treatment

### How is this measure constructed?

- Numerator: people who start a new anticancer drug(s) within 14 days of death
  - Exclusion: people receiving a new anticancer drug as part of a clinical trial
  - Exclusion: people receiving endocrine therapy
- Denominator: people who die from cancer or its treatment

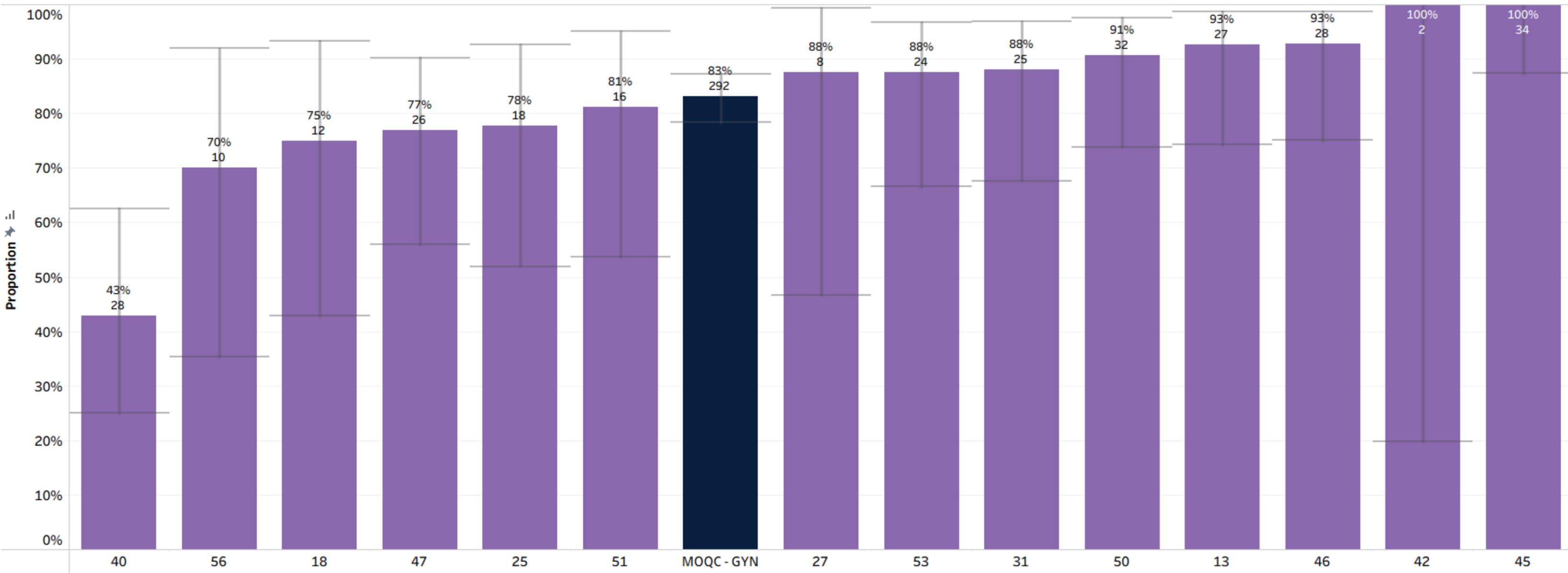
### Where can this measure be documented?

- Oncologist's note
- Hospice form
- Death certificate
- Medication Administration Record
- Infusion notes
- Pharmacist notes

### What are the common challenges documenting this measure?

- Difficulty finding start date for oral anticancer therapy administration
- Challenges in finding date of death
- Difficulty determining if cause of death is related to cancer diagnosis/treatment
- Difficulty finding information in inpatient notes

**141: Screening for Non-Medical Needs at Least Once Per Year**  
8/1/2025 - 1/31/2026, n = 292



Data collection for this measure began in August 2025



## Non-medical Drivers of Health

The questions below will ask about non-medical needs that impact people's health, like food, housing, and transportation. Your health is very important to us at [organization/clinic]. We care about making sure our patients get the help they need.

By answering these questions, we may be able to connect you to resources in your community that can help you. Many of these services are free or low-cost. We encourage you to answer these questions, even if you don't need resources. Your answers are confidential. What you share will not affect your care, insurance, or other benefits. You can skip any or all of these questions. There are no right or wrong answers.

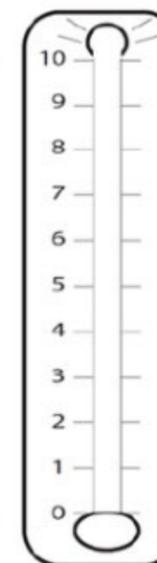
1. Within the past 12 months, you worried whether your food would run out before you got money to buy more.
  - Often true
  - Sometimes true
  - Never true
2. Within the past 12 months, the food you bought just didn't last and you didn't have money to get more.
  - Often true
  - Sometimes true
  - Never true
3. What is your living situation today?
  - I have a steady place to live
  - I have a place to live today, but I am worried about losing it in the future
  - I do not have a steady place to live (I am temporarily staying with others, in a hotel, in a shelter, living outside on the street, on a beach, in a car, abandoned building, bus or train station, or in a park)
4. Think about the place you live. Do you have problems with any of the following? Choose all that apply.
  - Pests such as bugs, ants, or mice
  - Mold
  - Lead paint or pipes
  - Lack of heat
  - Oven or stove not working
  - Smoke detectors missing or not working
5. In the past 12 months, has lack of reliable transportation kept you from medical appointments, meetings, work, or from getting things needed for daily living?
  - Yes
  - No
6. In the past 12 months has the electric, gas, oil, or water company threatened to shut off services in your home?
  - Yes
  - No
  - Already shut off
7. Do you feel physically and emotionally safe where you currently live?
  - Yes
  - No
  - Unsure
8. Would you like to receive assistance with any of these needs from [COMMUNITY HUB]?
  - Yes
  - No

## NCCN Distress Thermometer for Patients

### SCREENING TOOLS FOR MEASURING DISTRESS

Instructions: First please circle the number (0-10) that best describes how much distress you have been experiencing in the past week including today.

Extreme distress



No distress

Second, please indicate if any of the following has been a problem for you in the past week including today. Be sure to check YES or NO for each.

- |                          |                          |                           |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>YES</b>               | <b>NO</b>                | <b>Practical Problems</b> | <b>YES</b>               | <b>NO</b>                | <b>Physical Problems</b> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Child care                | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Appearance               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Housing                   | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Bathing/dressing         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Insurance/financial       | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Breathing                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Transportation            | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Changes in urination     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Work/school               | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Constipation             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Treatment decisions       | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Diarrhea                 |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Eating                   |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Fatigue                  |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Feeling Swollen          |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Fevers                   |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Getting around           |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Indigestion              |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Memory/concentration     |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Mouth sores              |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Nausea                   |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Nose dry/congested       |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Pain                     |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Sexual                   |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Skin dry/itchy           |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Sleep                    |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Substance abuse          |
|                          |                          |                           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Tingling in hands/feet   |

Other Problems: \_\_\_\_\_



Michigan



MOQC MICHIGAN ONCOLOGY QUALITY CONSORTIUM

MOQC Cancer Help Library MOQC.org

### Resources Search Engine

Cancer has a huge impact on patients and their families, friends and other caregivers. Use this search engine to help find answers, guidance, and support.

MOQC is always working to gather and share resources that are important for anyone touched by cancer.

For more information about the Affordable Care Act (ACA), visit: [HealthCare.gov](https://www.healthcare.gov)

Click Here

Search Engine Feedback?

Click Here

For help navigating this search engine, here is a helpful instructional video:

MOQC Search Engine Testimonial

MOQC Testimonial - PO...

# DISCUSSION



# MOQC Dashboards

- Breakdown by
  - Practice
  - Site
  - Measure
  - Time/round



To request a dashboard account contact [moqc@moqc.org](mailto:moqc@moqc.org)

# 5 Minute Break





# Voice of the Caregiver

Jacob Sierocki, POQC





# Proficient or Deficient? Evolving Knowledge and Therapeutic Strategies in Advanced/Recurrent Endometrial Cancer

Amanda Nickles Fader, MD





# Closing

Keli DeVries, LMSW

## THE ANGEL FUND



Created in loving memory of Angela “Angel” Marie Geller, this new program provides direct financial assistance through a prepaid gift card to help ease unexpected expenses during treatment.

Inspired by Angel’s kindness and generosity, The Angel Fund continues her legacy of lifting up others when they need it most.

Residents of Michigan who are currently in treatment for ovarian cancer or who have been in treatment within the last six months are eligible to apply.

## SUPPORT GROUPS

MIOCA helps facilitate monthly support groups to ensure individuals who have been diagnosed and family members throughout the state have access to a network of community support. These groups are hosted virtually and accessible statewide.

We currently offer Younger Survivors, Teal Sisters, and a Friends & Family Support Group.



## SUPPORT TOTES



Survivor Support Totes are packages containing gifts and helpful information for women across Michigan who have received an ovarian cancer diagnosis or are experiencing a recurrence.



Scan the QR code or visit [mioca.org](http://mioca.org) to learn more.

[info@mioca.org](mailto:info@mioca.org)  
734.800.6144



# Caregiver Navigation Training Opportunity

## PROGRAM GOALS:

- ✓ Navigator Training
- ✓ Resource Coordination
- ✓ Oncology Integration
- ✓ Advocacy

## SCHEDULED DATES:

Wednesdays, 12:00-1:00pm via Zoom  
February 25 – March 25

Caregiver-specific training is for navigators or those acting as navigators  
within MOQC practices



IF INTERESTED, VISIT:



Or email [moqc@moqc.org](mailto:moqc@moqc.org)

# Interprofessional Development

## UPCOMING SESSIONS:

- Advance Care Planning
- Financial Navigation



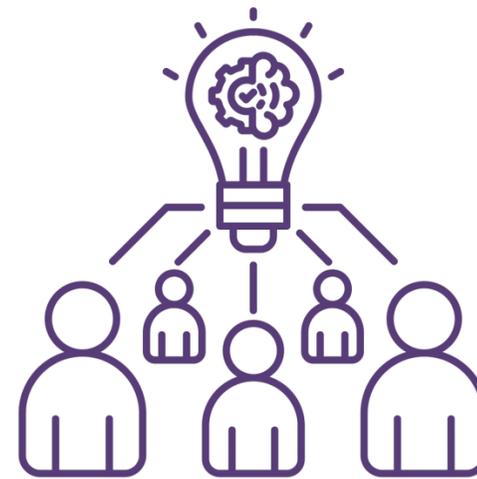
# MOQC Connection Visits



Review practice performance & patient list eligibility



Celebrate your successes



Brainstorm ideas for performance improvement



Review printed and digital resources

In-person and virtual options are available!

# MOQC Resources

- MOQC has a variety of free resources for your patients, caregivers, and clinicians
- **Electronic and printed formats available**

[www.moqc.org](http://www.moqc.org)

**ASCO** answers

**Palliative Care**  
A Guide to Coping with Side Effects for People with Cancer and Their Families from the American Society of Clinical Oncology



**Cancer.Net**  
Doctor-Approved Patient Information from ASCO®

**Measure 108a: Documentation of a Complete Family History**



**What does complete family history include?**

1st degree relatives cancer history documented + 2nd degree relatives cancer history documented + Age at diagnosis of ALL family members documented

1st degree:  
• parents  
• siblings  
• children  
2nd degree:  
• grandparents  
• aunts/uncles

↓

Complete family history documented

**For whom should family history be collected?**

- All patients with a cancer diagnosis

**Where can family history be documented?**

- Oncologist's note
- EMR's family history section
- Scanned documents or media tab

**What if a patient has a family history of cancer?**

- Document the history

**MOQC** MICHIGAN ONCOLOGY QUALITY CONSORTIUM

MOQC Cancer Help Library MOQC.org

**Resources Search Engine**

Cancer has a huge impact on patients and their families, friends and other caregivers. Use this search engine to help find answers, guidance, and support.

MOQC is always working to gather and share resources that are important for anyone touched by cancer.

For more information about the Affordable Care Act (ACA), visit: [HealthCare.gov](http://HealthCare.gov)

[Click Here](#)

Search Engine Feedback?

[Click Here](#)

For help navigating this search engine, here is a helpful instructional video:

MOQC - POQC Search En...

Search Engine Testimonial:

MOQC Testimonial - PO...

**OLANZAPINE**

**WHY AM I GETTING A PRESCRIPTION FOR OLANZAPINE?**  
The cancer treatment that you will be getting can cause nausea or vomiting. We do everything we can to reduce this side effect. Olanzapine is highly effective, even in small doses, at decreasing nausea and vomiting and is an important part of your care.

**WHAT SHOULD I EXPECT WHEN I GO TO THE PHARMACY?**  
Olanzapine was originally approved for people with certain mental illness. The pharmacist may tell you about the original reason the drug was used when you drop off your prescription or pick up your medication. We want you to be prepared for this possibility. You may wish to tell the pharmacist why you have been prescribed olanzapine and that your cancer team is prescribing olanzapine for a completely different reason. This original approval for the medication does not make your insurance or your medical record think you have the certain mental illness when you get the prescription.

**WHAT ABOUT THE SIDE EFFECTS?**  
Nearly all the side effects listed for this medication occur in people who are on higher doses of the medicine and who take the medicine every day for many years. People who take olanzapine for chemotherapy are not likely to get side effects other than tiredness. It is often recommended that you take it in the evening because of this.

**IS OLANZAPINE COVERED BY INSURANCE? IS IT EXPENSIVE?**  
This medication is much less expensive than other medicines used to prevent side effects of chemotherapy. The cost for each pill is about 20 cents. Most insurance will cover the cost, but you can also choose to pay for it on your own if insurance does not cover it.

**THESE SITES MAY BE HELPFUL TO LEARN MORE ABOUT NAUSEA AND VOMITING RELATED TO CANCER TREATMENT:**

National Cancer Institute - [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov)  
American Cancer Society - [www.cancer.org](http://www.cancer.org)  
American Society of Clinical Oncology - [www.cancer.net](http://www.cancer.net)  
National Comprehensive Cancer Network - [www.nccn.org](http://www.nccn.org)

**MOQC** MICHIGAN ONCOLOGY QUALITY CONSORTIUM

# Continuing Education Credits

**This meeting has been approved for 3 CEU**

## **Credit Designation**

*AMA PRA Category 1 Credits™* (3.00 hours), Non-Physician Attendance (3.00 hours)

Additional details about claiming CE credits:

<https://moqc.org/resources/claiming-ce-credits/>

Credit needs to be claimed within 7 days.

Please reach out to Vanessa Aron ([vclinton@med.umich.edu](mailto:vclinton@med.umich.edu)) with any questions.

## Your Next Meeting

**Gynecologic Oncology  
Fall Biannual Meeting**  
Friday, October 23  
(Midland)

**AI in Gynecologic Oncology:  
Pros and Cons**

## Other MOQC Opportunities

**Medical Oncology  
Biannual Meeting**  
Friday, June 26  
(Dearborn)

**Faith and Culture Panel  
Genetic Testing**

Register at: [moqc.org/events/](https://moqc.org/events/)

# Statewide Gynecologic Oncology Tumor Board – Next



## Confidentiality Agreement



# MOOC

A purple awareness ribbon is positioned over the second 'O' in the acronym 'MOOC'. The ribbon is tied in a loop and has two tails hanging down. The text 'MOOC' is in a dark blue, serif font. Below the acronym is a thin horizontal line.

MICHIGAN ONCOLOGY  
QUALITY CONSORTIUM

Cancer care. Patients first.  
The best care. Everywhere.